

FIND-AUGMENTING-PATH($G_{M,h}$)

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1   $Q = \emptyset$ 
2   $F_L = \emptyset$ 
3   $F_R = \emptyset$ 
4  for each unmatched vertex  $l \in L$ 
5       $l.\pi = \text{NIL}$ 
6  ENQUEUE( $Q, l$ )
7   $F_L = F_L \cup \{l\}$       // forest  $F$  starts with unmatched vertices in  $L$ 
8  repeat
9      if  $Q$  is empty      // ran out of vertices to search from?
10          $\delta = \min \{l.h + r.h - w(l, r) : l \in F_L \text{ and } r \in R - F_R\}$ 
11         for each vertex  $l \in F_L$ 
12              $l.h = l.h - \delta$       // relabel according to equation (25.5)
13         for each vertex  $r \in F_R$ 
14              $r.h = r.h + \delta$       // relabel according to equation (25.5)
15         from  $G, M$ , and  $h$ , form a new directed equality graph  $G_{M,h}$ 
16         for each new edge  $(l, r)$  in  $G_{M,h}$       // continue search with new edges
17             if  $r \notin F_R$ 
18                  $r.\pi = l$       // discover  $r$ , add it to  $F$ 
19                 if  $r$  is unmatched
20                     an  $M$ -augmenting path has been found
21                     (exit the repeat loop)
22                 else ENQUEUE( $Q, r$ )      // can search from  $r$  later
23                      $F_R = F_R \cup \{r\}$ 
24  $u = \text{DEQUEUE}(Q)$       // search from  $u$ 
25 for each neighbor  $v$  of  $u$  in  $G_{M,h}$ 
26     if  $v \in L$ 
27          $v.\pi = u$ 
28          $F_L = F_L \cup \{v\}$       // discover  $v$ , add it to  $F$ 
29         ENQUEUE( $Q, v$ )      // can search from  $v$  later
30     elseif  $v \notin F_R$       //  $v \in R$ , do same as lines 18–22
31          $v.\pi = u$ 
32         if  $v$  is unmatched
33             an  $M$ -augmenting path has been found
34             (exit the repeat loop)
35         else ENQUEUE( $Q, v$ )
36              $F_R = F_R \cup \{v\}$ 
37 until an  $M$ -augmenting path has been found
38 using the predecessor attributes  $\pi$ , construct an  $M$ -augmenting path  $P$ 
39     by tracing back from the unmatched vertex in  $R$ 
40 return  $P$ 

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