

COMPUTE-LCP(T, SA, n)

```
1  allocate arrays  $rank[1:n]$  and  $LCP[1:n]$ 
2  for  $i = 1$  to  $n$ 
3       $rank[SA[i]] = i$  // by definition
4   $LCP[1] = 0$  // also by definition
5   $l = 0$  // initialize length of LCP
6  for  $i = 1$  to  $n$ 
7      if  $rank[i] > 1$ 
8           $j = SA[rank[i] - 1]$  //  $T[j:]$  precedes  $T[i:]$  lexicographically
9           $m = \max\{i, j\}$ 
10         while  $m + l \leq n$  and  $T[i + l] == T[j + l]$ 
11              $l = l + 1$  // next character is in common prefix
12          $LCP[rank[i]] = l$  // length of LCP of  $T[j:]$  and  $T[i:]$ 
13         if  $l > 0$ 
14              $l = l - 1$  // peel off first character of common prefix
15 return  $LCP$ 
```