



Diversified Resilient Dynamic

April 2025

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Highly experienced management team





Ian joined Marex in November 2012 as CFO and became CEO in 2016. He was previously at Barclays Bank and Lehman Brothers.



Chief Strategist



Paolo joined Marex in May 2018 as COO, became CFO in 2020 and is currently Chief Strategist and CEO of Marex Capital Markets. He was previously Group Treasurer at Commonwealth Bank.



Rob Irvin CFO



Rob joined Marex in March 2023 as CFO. He was previously at HSBC where he held CFO roles for both the Private Bank and Investment Banking divisions. Rob is a chartered accountant, having started his career at Deloitte.

CEO

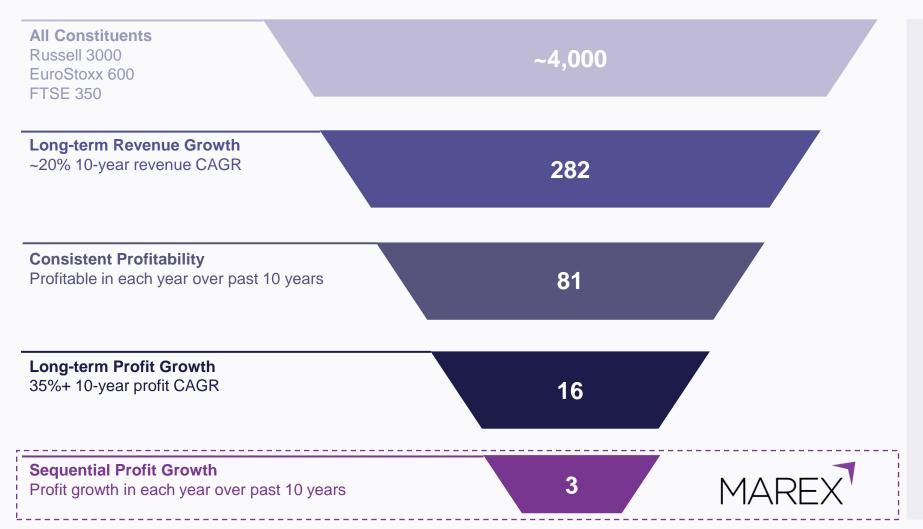
Investor feedback



"It is extremely rare to see a smallcap financials company that has a genuine source of sustainable competitive advantage. Most are timing plays, whereas Marex is set up to grow through the cycle."

Few public companies deliver Marex's level of consistent growth





Our relative performance over the past ten years versus ~4,000 publicly traded companies, shows we are in the top 0.1%, with only 3 other public firms¹ performing at our level of revenue and sequential profit growth

Source: Bloomberg; Note(s):

^{1.} Companies include Fortnox, Dino Polska and Evolution

Our interconnected platform provides our clients with access to energy, commodities and financial markets globally



- Clearing Services
 Key market connectivity to global exchanges
- Agency & Execution
 Acting as agent matching buyers and sellers
- Market Making
 Trading as principal to
 provide critical liquidity for
 buyers and sellers to
 transact
- Hedging & Investment
 Solutions
 Delivering custom hedging and investment solutions



Four closely connected businesses delivering critical services to our clients











	Clearing	Agency & Execution	Market Making	Solutions
Business Description	Acting as principal on behalf of our clients, providing access to 60 exchanges globally	Utilizing broad market connectivity to match buyers and sellers on an agency basis	Acting as principal to provide direct liquidity to our clients	Bespoke hedging solutions for commodity producers and consumers and investment solutions for asset managers
Revenue Model	Commission per tradeInterest income	Commission per trade	 Spread between buying and selling prices 	Return built into product pricing
Risk Considerations	Credit risk managed by holding client collateral and daily margin calls	 Lower risk service offering Limited capital and liquidity requirements 	 Client-flow driven business with limited overnight exposure Low average VaR (\$3.2m)² 	 Market risk managed by hedging of underlying assets or liabilities Credit risk managed beginning at onboarding with ongoing monitoring
% of Revenue ¹	29%	44%	13%	10%
Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin ¹	53%	16%	32%	26%

Note(s):

^{1. %} of Revenue and Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin as of December 31, 2024. Revenue values do not sum to 100% due to exclusion of Corporate segment Revenue. Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest IFRS measures.

^{2.} Represents average daily value at risk (VaR), across both Marex Financial and Marex Capital Markets Inc, which comprises risk in the Market Making segment.

Our strategy and investment case remain unchanged since IPO...







Large, growing market with high barriers to entry and declining competitive intensity



Scalable platform providing critical services to growing client base



Client-driven business model; prudent approach to capital and liquidity management



Diversified and resilient business delivering strong performance in variety of market conditions



Proven track record of organic growth, combined with selective value-enhancing acquisitions



Committed to supporting our clients in achieving their sustainability goals



Supported by a highly experienced and innovative management team with a positive culture



Growth trends driving our markets



Competitiveenvironmentimproving further



Successfully grown market share



Marex brand recognition as a public company



1 Growth trends driving our markets



Long-term secular drivers

- Demand for cleared products and derivatives
- Increasing demand for energy and commodities
- Financial markets expansion
- Demographic trends and GDP growth

Near-term thematic trends

- Macro-economic uncertainty
- Geopolitical unpredictability
- High volatility across asset classes

Accelerating growth in exchange contracts across Marex addressable markets



Marex has exposure to both long-term secular and near-term thematic trends which drive exchange volume growth

Competitive environment improving further



Investment & Commercial Banks

- Increasing focus on their largest clients
- · Juniorization of client coverage
- Burdened by legacy technology
- De-emphasizing infrastructure heavy business

MAREX

Barriers to entry

- Depth of product knowledge and expertise across asset classes
- √ Global reach providing 24/6 access
- Well-invested technology and regulatory / compliance infrastructure
- ✓ Ability to service full spectrum of large to smallcap clients
- Strong capital and liquidity position and Investment Grade credit rating

Small Independents

- Lacking global presence and narrow product coverage
- Non-investment grade credit rating and limited credit capacity
- Lacking scale or capacity to serve large global clients
- Constrained by technology, liquidity and compliance challenges

Competitive intensity in our markets has declined further since our IPO

Successfully grown market share





Marex growth above industry volumes across the platform in 2024²



Marex was the fastest growing FCM by client assets in the US in 2024³



- 1. Revenue comes from each respective company's earnings reports. StoneX reflects the trailing twelve months from December 31, 2024 as its fiscal year end is September 30
- 2. FIA data including all volumes traded on Marex key exchanges (CBOT, CME, Eurex, Euronext, ICE, LME, NYMEX, SGX); Financial securities (corporate bonds, equities, FX, repo, volatility) on CBOE, CBOT, CME, Eurex, Euronext, ICE, SGX.
- 3. CFTC data which is reported publicly on a monthly basis. Includes client asset for the U.S. only. Data is as of period ended December 2024 compared to period ended December 2023.

Marex brand recognition as a public company



Clients



"Marex has been able to give me a level of service that I'm not getting from my clearing banks. They are willing to take an individual approach to my book of business. As a result of this I'm sending more and more business to Marex, including things I wouldn't have dreamed of sending their way only six months ago."

US Clearing client

People



"Being part of a larger financial organization provides us with increased structure and a framework for growth, which has allowed us to increase productivity and collaborate across desks. This has not only benefitted our team but has also allowed us to better serve our clients, through greater access to liquidity and high levels of cross-selling, gaining access to new products and services."

Recently joined Energy team

Acquisitions



"Joining Marex has accelerated our growth and we're now seeing the benefits of being part of this platform and the extra services our clients can access. Marex's financial strength has also benefited clients as it's enabled us to set up a US Securities Swap dealer, and Marex's geographic footprint means we are now able to leverage our presence in places like Singapore and Dubai, meaning we can offer more services to more clients."

Cowen Prime Services

Investors



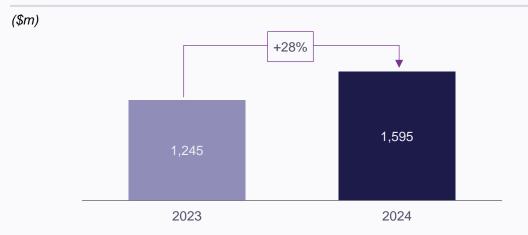
"Marex investment case is exactly the same as I saw 12 months ago. There are certain companies where it's **obvious they will become much larger over time and Marex is one of them**. There is a strong reason to **believe Marex will continue taking share from both large and small competitors**."

Top shareholder

Strong 2024 performance



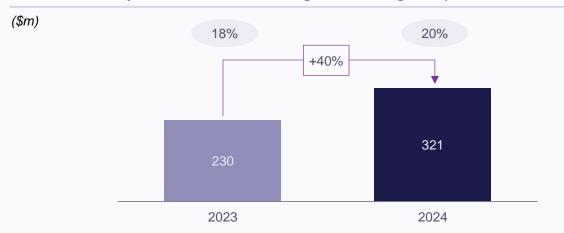
Revenue growth predominately organic in 2024



Adjusted Return on Equity¹ expansion



Adjusted Profit Before Tax¹ growth & Margin¹ expansion



Segmental Adjusted Profit Before Tax¹ growth & Margin¹ expansion



Note(s):

^{1.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax, Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin and Adjusted Return on Equity are non-IFRS measures. Please refer to the Appendix for the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest IFRS measures

Strong performance has continued in Q1 2025



- Positive market conditions continued into Q1 2025
 - Exchange volumes 6% above Q4 2024 levels²
- Strong client activity across our platform
- Positive momentum in Securities within Agency and Execution, with continued build-out of prime services
- Net Interest Income below Q4 2024, reflecting lower interest rates

Q1 2025 Revenue range



Q1 2025 Adjusted PBT¹ range



Note(s):

^{1.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.

Focused on organic growth with track record of value-accretive acquisitions





Organic growth supplemented by selective value-accretive acquisitions to deliver a diversified global scalable platform



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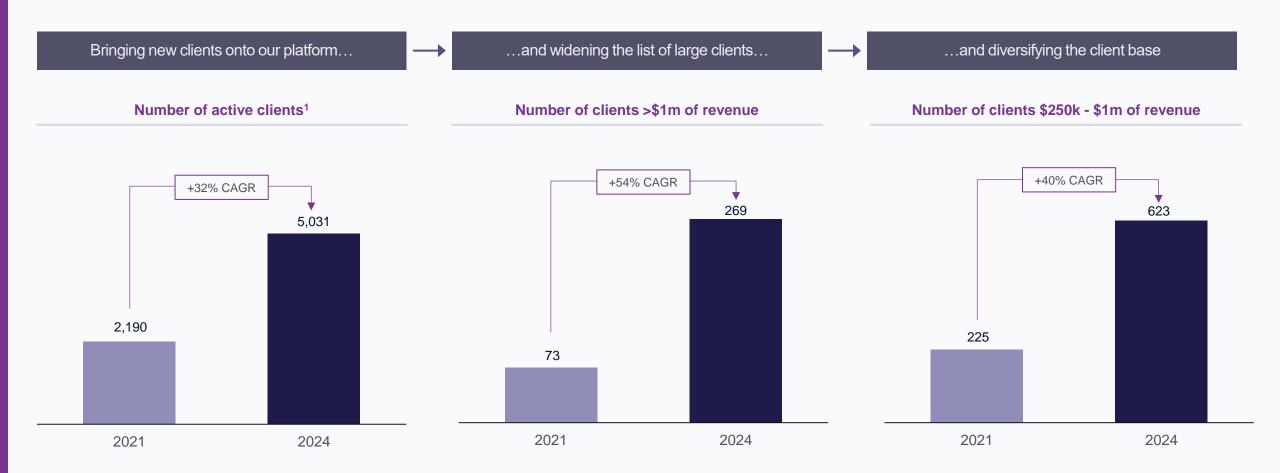
^{1.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.

^{2.} Organic growth is derived from our internal processes and our ordinary course of activities excluding Adjusted Profit Before Tax generated from M&A activities

^{3.} Represents growth associated with acquisitions

Driving growth through bringing new clients onto our platform

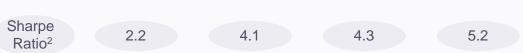




High quality of earnings: relative stability in average profitability



Relative stability in distribution of average monthly Adjusted PBT¹





Increasing stability in the distribution of daily Adjusted PBT¹

		2024	2021	YoY
Averag	ge daily PBT	\$1.3m	\$0.3m	4.0x
Standa	ard Deviation	\$0.8m	\$0.6m	1.3x
Daily S	Sharpe ratio	1.6	0.5	3.1x
PBT w	ithin Std Dev	\$223m	\$47m	4.7x
As % (of PBT in year	69%	59%	+10 ppt.
PBT w	ithin lower tail	\$4m	\$(24)m	
As % (of PBT in year	1%	(31)%	+32 ppt.
# nega	tive days	5	82	(94)%
-2021 -2024	5h 2h 2h 25h 3h	Sin sto Mi		in again

Note(s):

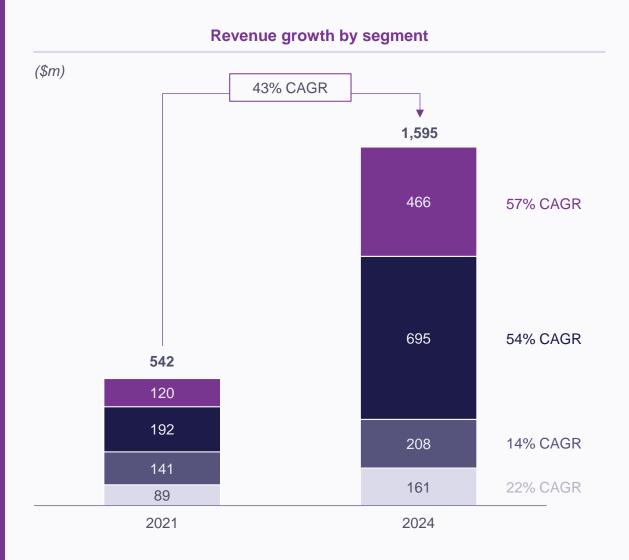
^{1.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.

^{2.} Adjusted Sharpe Ratio is a non-IFRS measure and is calculated as the monthly average Adjusted Profit Before Tax divided by its standard deviation. On a Reported PAT basis, the Sharpe ratio is as follows; 4.7 for FY2024 and 3.2 for FY 2023.

^{3.} All metrics in the table refer to Adjusted Profit Before Tax

High quality of earnings: scale and repeat revenues



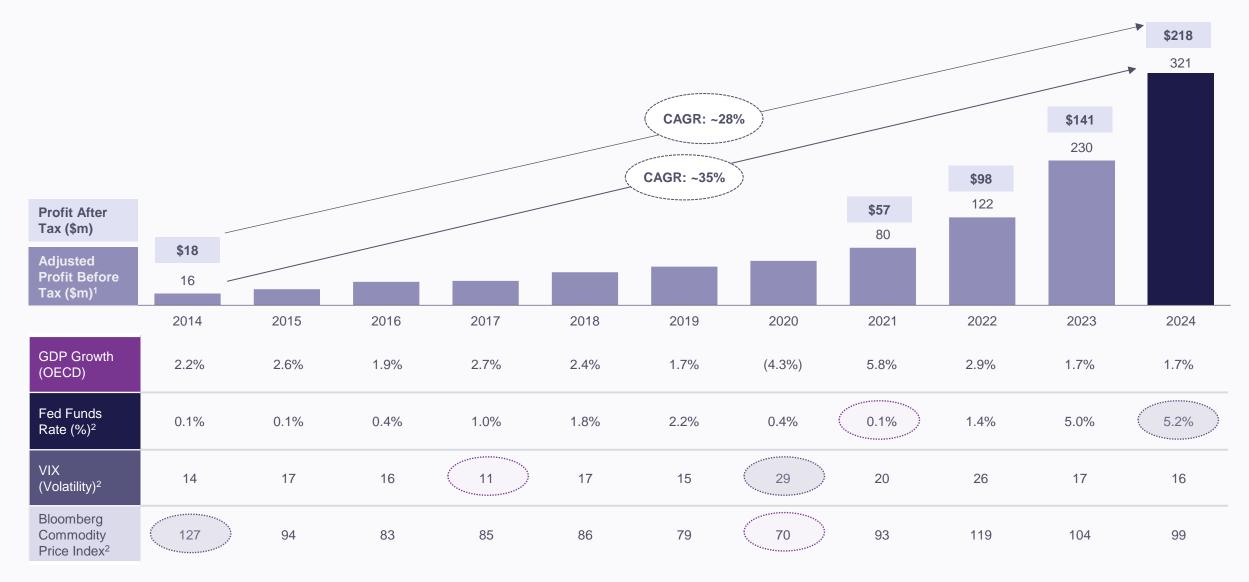


Drivers of recurring revenues across our platform Regular Infrastructure client flow reliant services $\checkmark\checkmark$ Clearing Essential connectivity to Ancillary flows across the platform access exchanges $\checkmark\checkmark$ Agency and Strength of relationships Prime lending on Execution Breadth of products and balance sheet asset classes **V** Market Making Consistent liquidity Hedging and **V V** Investment Structured notes platform Recurring exposures Solutions Agile technology engine

to hedge

10-year track record of strong profit growth through a variety of conditions





Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve and OECD

^{1.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.

^{2.} Values represent average values over the respective time period. VIX is the ticker symbol and popular name for the Chicago Board Options Exchange's CBOE Volatility Index. BCOM is the ticker symbol for Bloomberg's commodity price index.

Conclusion



2024 Highlights

- Gained market share and expanded our client base
- Strong financial performance
- Diversified funding with senior debt issue
- Successful IPO and secondary offering
- Greater brand recognition as a public company

2025 Outlook

- Stronger position than anticipated at IPO
- Continuing to win large client mandates
- Market environment remains supportive
- Exploring further M&A opportunities
- Expanding capabilities and geographic reach

~10%

Organic Adjusted PBT¹ growth annually



Inorganic growth

MAREX
Diversified.
Resilient.
Dynamic.



Financial Overview



Highly attractive financial profile





Diversified and high-quality revenue mix



Margin expansion from scale and productivity



10 years of sequential Adjusted PBT growth¹



Strong return on equity



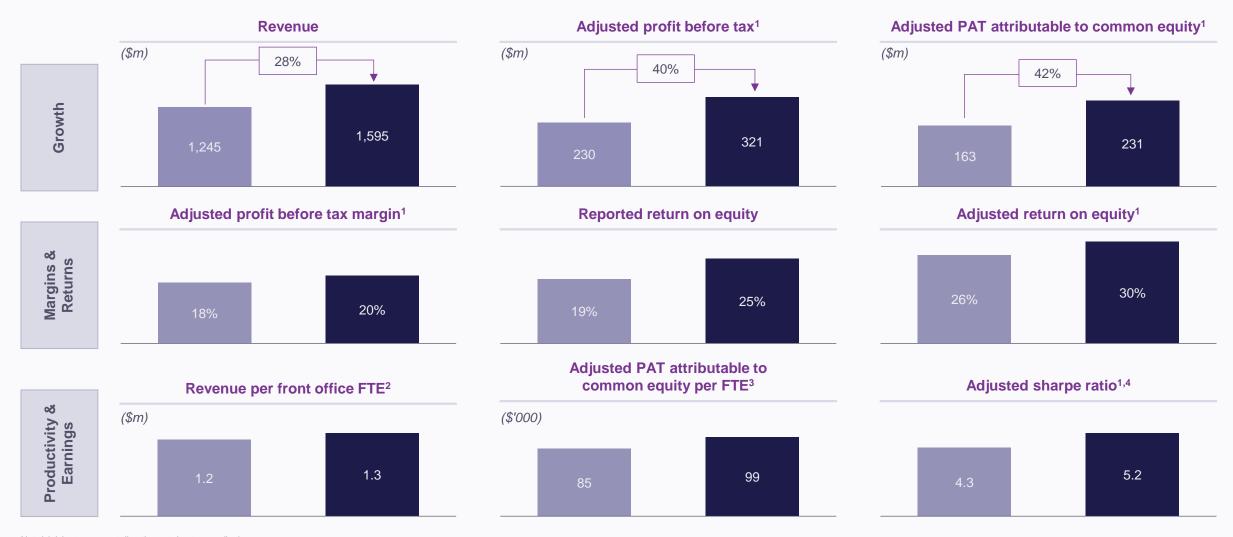
Well-capitalised with prudent liquidity, underpinned by conservative risk management



Disciplined capital allocation policy

Consistent strong performance in our key metrics (2023 - 2024)





Note(s) (charts may not directly cast due to rounding)

- 1. Adjusted Profit Before Tax, Adjusted Profit Before Tax, Adjusted Profit After Tax Attributable to Common Equity, Adjusted Return on Equity, and Adjusted Sharpe Ratio are non-IFRS measures. Please refer to the Appendix for the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest IFRS measures.
- 2. Represents average number of our full-time equivalents over the period, including permanent employees and contractor.

^{3.} Calculated as annualized Adjusted Profit After Tax Attributable to Common Equity by Average FTEs for a given period. Adjusted Profit After Tax Attributable to Common Equity is a non-IFRS measure and Average FTE represents average number of our full-time equivalents over the period, including permanent employees and contractor. Please refer to the Appendix for the non-IFRS measure reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.

^{4.} On a Reported PAT basis, the Sharpe ratio is as follows; 4.7 for FY2024 and 2.0 for FY 2023.

Diversified revenue mix with strong growth rates and margins



	Clearing	Agency and Execution	Market Making	Hedging and Investment Solutions
Revenue Model	Commission per tradeInterest income	Commission per trade	 Spread between buying and selling prices 	Return built into product pricing
Revenue (2023-2024)	\$466m (+25%)	\$695m (+28%)	\$208m (+35%)	\$162m (+26%)
% of Revenue ¹	29%	44%	13%	10%
Adjusted PBT ² (2023-2024)	\$247m (34%)	\$108m (+50%)	\$66m (+97%)	\$42m (+24%)
Adjusted Profit Before Tax ² Margin	53%	16%	32%	26%

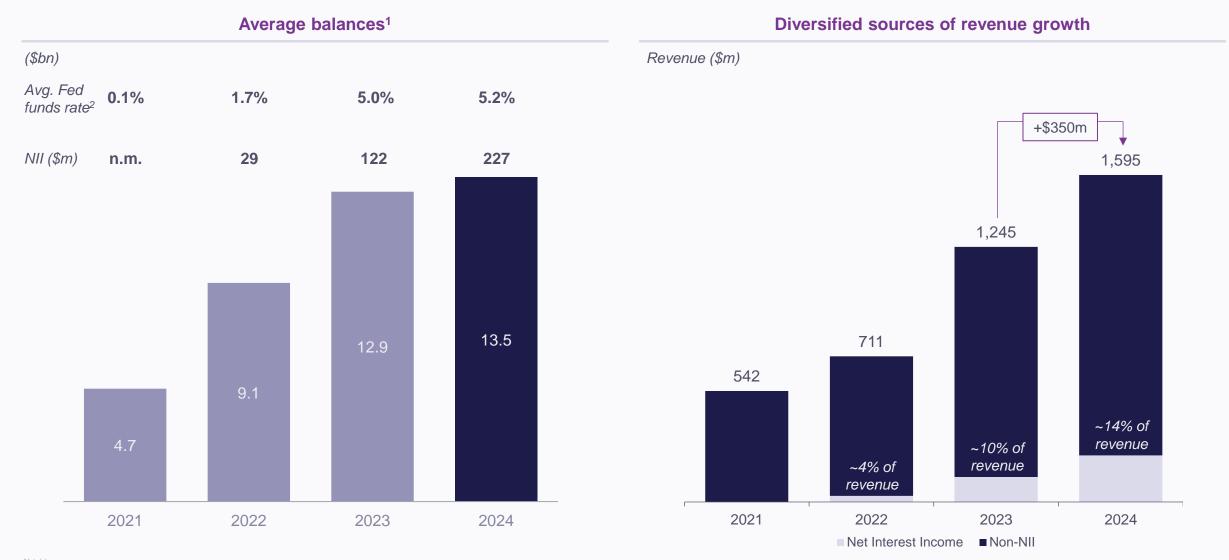
Note(s):

^{1.} Revenue values do not sum to 100% due to exclusion of Corporate segment revenue.

Revenue values do not saim to 160% due to exclusion to corporate segment revenue.
 Adjusted Profit Before Tax and Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin are non-IFRS measures. Please refer to the Appendix for the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest IFRS measures.

NII accounted for 14% of revenues at the peak of the rate cycle in 2024





Note(s):

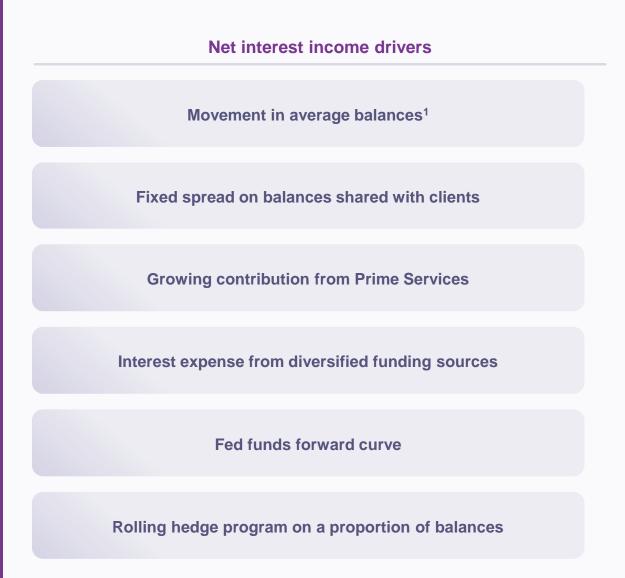
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^{1.} Äverage balances means the average of the daily holdings in exchanges, banks and other investments over the period. Previously, average balances were calculated as the average month end amount of segregated and non-segregated dient balances that generated interest income over a given period.

2. Values represent average values over the respective time period.

Drivers of net interest income





Illustrative Adjusted Profit Before Tax² movement from rate sensitivity (\$m)



Note(s):

^{1.} Average balances means the average of the daily holdings in exchanges, banks and other investments over the period. Previously, average balances were calculated as the average month end amount of segregated and non-segregated client balances that generated interest income over a given period.

Scale benefits driving profit margin expansion over time







Majority of balance sheet supports client activity



Client Activities (2024)

Period End December 31 (\$bn)	Total 2023	Total 2024	Repurchase Agreements	Securities	Derivatives	Client Balances	Residual 2023	Residual 2024
Cash and Liquid Assets ²	4.5	6.2				2.2	2.3	4.0
Trade Receivables	4.8	7.5				6.9	0.6	0.6
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	3.2	2.5	2.5				-	-
Securities ²	4.0	6.5		6.5			-	-
Derivative Assets	0.6	1.2			1.2		-	-
Other Assets ²	0.3	0.2					0.3	0.2
Goodwill and Intangibles	0.2	0.2					0.2	0.2
Total Assets	17.6	24.3	2.5	6.5	1.2	9.1	3.4	5.0
Total Payables	6.8	9.7				9.1	0.4	0.6
Repurchase Agreements	3.1	2.3	2.3				-	-
Securities ²	4.2	6.7		6.7			-	-
Debt Securities	2.2	3.6					2.1	3.6
Derivative Instruments	0.4	0.7			0.7		-	-
Other Liabilities ²	0.1	0.3					0.1	0.3
Total Liabilities	16.8	23.3	2.3	6.7	0.7	9.1	2.7	4.5
Net Assets	0.8	1.0						
Total Equity	0.8	1.0						

Driven by client activity

~80%¹ of the balance sheet is driven by client activity....

Modest corporate balance sheet

....leading to a relatively modest sized corporate balance sheet

Low net debt & leverage levels

Net debt and leverage levels managed to maintain investment grade rating

Highly liquid balance sheet

The balance sheet is made up of short-duration, highly liquid instruments, driving fast turnover in items

Note(s)

[.] Period ended December 31, 2024.

^{2.} Cash and liquid assets are cash and cash equivalents, treasury instruments pledged as collateral and treasury instruments unpledged. Securities assets are equity instruments and stock borrowing. Other assets are inventory, corporate income tax receivable, deferred tax, investment in associate, investments, right-of-use assets, and property plant and equipment. Securities liabilities are stock lending and short securities. Other liabilities are deferred tax liability, lease liability, provisions, and corporation tax.

Prudent approach to capital and liquidity underpins Investment Grade ratings





Note(s): Some of the funding shown above is denominated in other currencies that have been converted to USD. Dotted boxes indicate undrawn revolving credit facilities.

^{1.} Regulatory capital represents tangible equity and other instruments that qualify as regulatory capital.

^{2.} Minimum capital requirement determined by the Own Funds Threshold Requirement ("OFTR") based on Marex's latest Internal Capital Adequacy and Risk Assessment ("ICARA") process.

^{3.} The Group's total capital resources as a percentage of Own Funds Requirement

^{4.} Liquidity headroom is calculated as the maximum cumulative outflow based on three scenarios that we consider (systemic, idiosyncratic and combined) together with assumptions based on various factors, such as variation margin requirements, initial margin call requirements and our ability to draw on our RCF to give a total headroom over and above triggers and limits approved by our board of directors for each factor

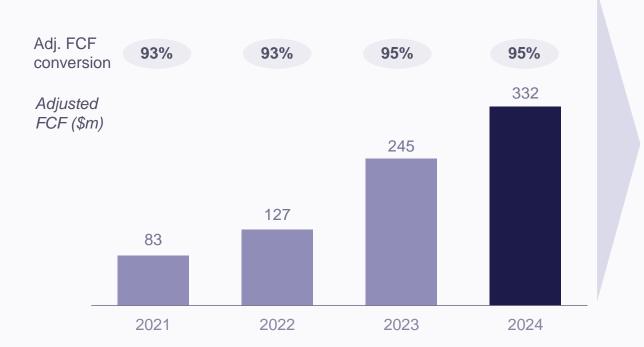
^{5.} AT1 is a perpetual note, with the first call option in 2027 but a maturity beyond 2029.

Free cash flow conversion supports disciplined capital allocation policy



Free cash flow generation¹

 Strong free cash flow conversion in mid-90% range, supporting capital allocation policy and underpinning growth strategy



Capital allocation policy

Maintain strong capital position and significant liquidity headroom to underpin our investment grade credit ratings

Support organic growth opportunities that expand our product coverage and geographic reach

Progressive dividend policy, with quarterly dividend of \$0.14 per share paid since Q2 2024

Selectively deploy surplus capital to value-enhancing inorganic opportunities that meet our strategic objectives and returns criteria

Client-Driven Business Model and Robust Risk Management



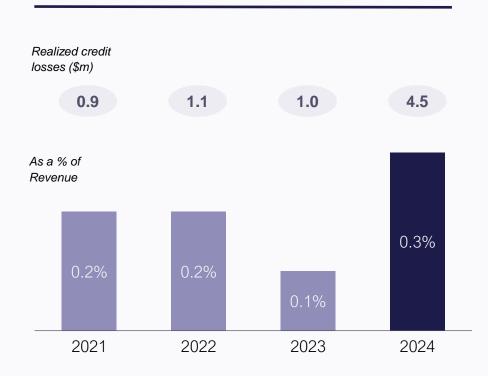
- Client-driven business; do not take a directional view on prices or indices, limited overnight exposure.
- Successful track record of managing credit risk, with limited provision of committed facilities and close monitoring of client accounts and positions.
- Average daily VaR of \$3.2m reflects growth in our Market Making revenues¹

- Continue to manage credit risk while scaling the business
- Realized losses in 2024 reflect previously provided for client exposures
- Proactive approach to credit risk management and good recovery resulted in a \$1.7m release for FY 2024

2024 Market Making Profitability

	y trading profitability		Positive Days	Positive Weeks	Positive Months
(# of days)		FY 2024	86%	98%	100%
100]		FY 2023	88%	100%	100%
80 -		!			
60 -	2024 VaR ¹ : \$3.2m 2023 VaR ¹ : \$2.5m				
40 -					
20 -					
o <(\$1.0	0m) (\$1.0) - (0.5m)	I I	\$0.0 - 0.5m \$0.5 - 1	1.0m \$1.0 - 1.5m \$ ²	1.5 - 2.0m >\$2.0m

Track Record of Low Realized Credit Losses



Note(s)

^{1.} Represents average daily value at risk (VaR), across both Marex Financial and Marex Capital Markets Inc, which comprises risk in the Market Making segment.

Q1 2025 trading update



3 Months ended March 31, 2024 Actuals

366

59

15

44

68

12%

19%

\$0.60

\$0.56

\$0.74

\$0.69

- Positive market conditions continued into Q1 2025
- Strong client activity across our platform
- Positive momentum in both Energy and Securities within Agency and Execution, with continued build-out of prime services
- Net Interest Income below Q4 2024, reflecting lower interest rates

	3 Months ended	3 Months ended March 31, 2025 ¹			
Unaudited (\$m)	Estimated Low	Estimated High			
Revenue	465	469			
Reported Profit Before Tax	97	98			
Tax	25	26			
Reported Profit After Tax	72	73			
Adjusted Profit Before Tax ²	95	96			
Profit After Tax Margin	15%	15%			
Adjusted PBT Margin ²	20%	21%			
Basic Earnings per Share ³	\$0.97	\$0.98			
Diluted Earnings per Share ³	\$0.91	\$0.92			
Adjusted Basic Earnings per Share ^{2,3}	\$0.97	\$0.98			
Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share ^{2,3}	\$0.91	\$0.92			

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^{1.} Figures reflect certain estimated preliminary unaudited financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Estimates represent results that are preliminary and subject to change. Actual results will not be finalized until after we complete our normal quarter-end accounting procedures, including the execution of our internal control over financial reporting. These estimates reflect our management's best estimate of the impact of events during this quarter.

^{2.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax, Adjusted Profit Before Tax, Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin, Adjusted Basic Earnings per Share and Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share are non-IFRS measures. Please refer to the Appendix for the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest IFRS measures.

^{3.} Weighted average number of shares have been restated as applicable for the Group's reverse share split



Conclusion



Successfully executing our growth strategy



Focused on organic growth, supplemented by disciplined value-accretive M&A



Well-capitalised with prudent liquidity, underpinned by conservative risk management



High-quality, diversified and resilient revenues and profits



Delivering consistent and structural growth through economic cycles



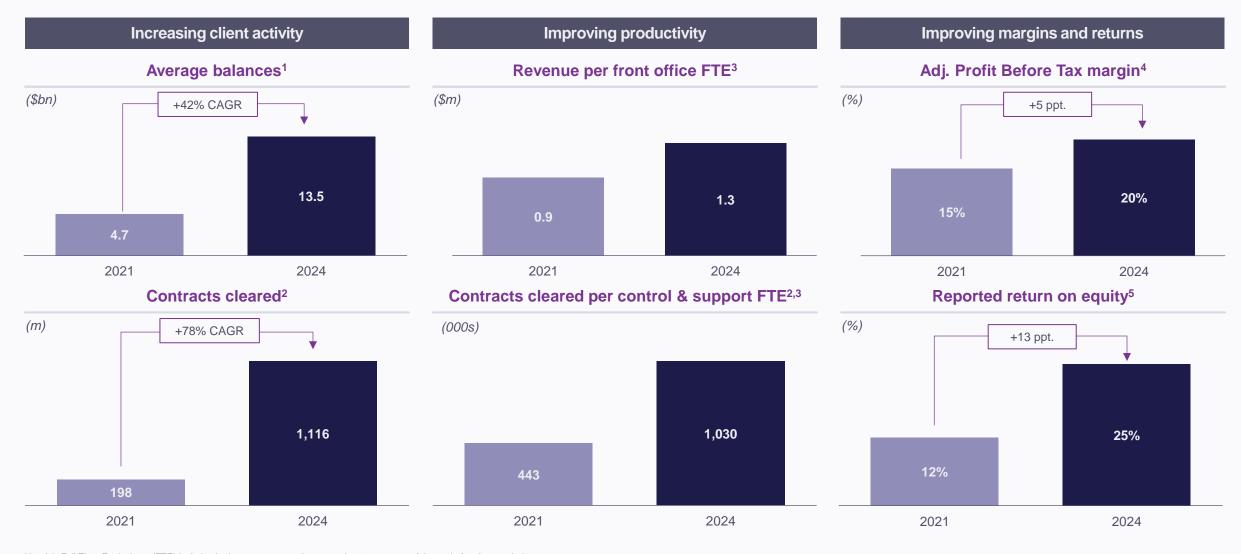
Strong start to 2025, with momentum across our businesses





Key metrics demonstrate scalable nature of the platform





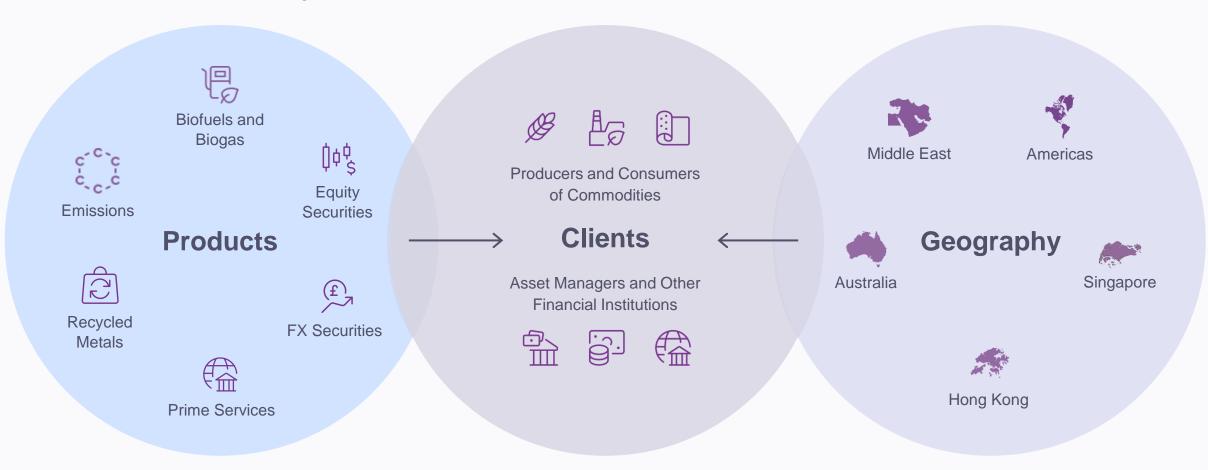
Note(s): Full Time Equivalents (FTE) includes both permanent employees and contractors as of the end of a given period.

^{1.} Average balances means the average of the daily holdings in exchanges, banks and other investments over the period. Previously, average balances were calculated as the average month end amount of segregated and non-segregated client balances that generated interest Average balances means the average of the daily holdings in exchanges, panks and other investments over the period. Previously, average balances means the average for the daily holdings in exchanges, panks and other investments over the period. Previously, average balances means the average for the same period; 2. Contract cleared means the total number of contracts cleared in a given period; 3. Represents revenue for a given period; 4. Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin is a non-IFRS measure. Please 37 refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure; 5. Return on Equity is calculated as the average 30, September 30 and December 31 of the current year. For the years ended December 31, 2021, average equity is calculated as the average balance of total equity as at December 31 of the prior year and December 31 of the current year.

Client-driven growth strategy

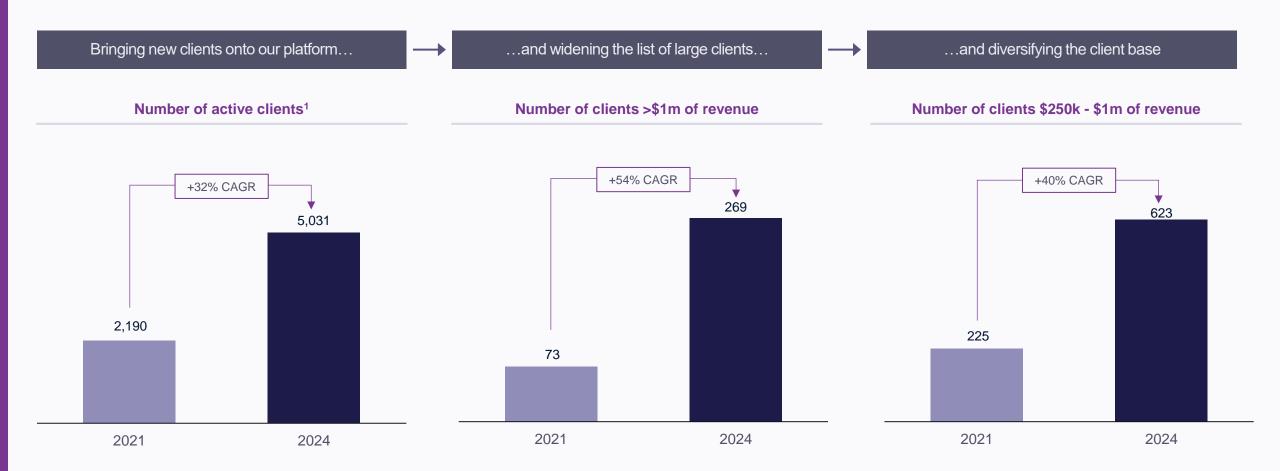


Focusing on our four interconnected services, we look to expand our geographic footprint and product capabilities increasing our relevance to a broader client base



Driving growth through bringing new clients onto our platform





Track record of deepening relationship through cross-selling Offering a full suite of complementary services to our clients



Revenue by client



Global platform with growth opportunities across all regions



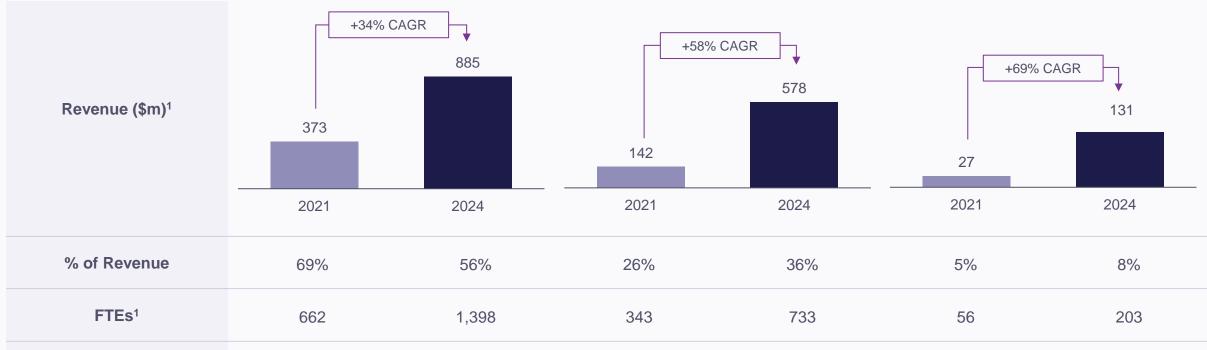








APAC



Growth Opportunities

- Built upon FX capabilities with the announced acquisition of Hamilton Court Group
- Expanded footprint in the Middle East through acquisition of Aarna Capital
- Integrated Prime Services and Outsourced Trading business we acquired
- Fill product coverage gaps in Energy and Commodities
- Significant clearing opportunities through our recent ASX and SGX memberships
- Margin improvement opportunity as we build scale

Robust acquisition screening process leads to attractive pipeline





Note(s)

^{1.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure

Clearing Segment



Overview of Clearing

Senior management





Thomas Texier
Head of Clearing

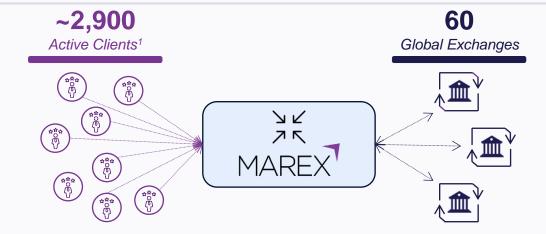
- Previously Managing Director and Chief Operating Officer at R.J. O'Brien
- · Kyte Group Chief Operating Officer
- Various leadership positions at FCT Europe and Société Générale

Contribution of clearing segment (\$m)





Marex clearing connects clients to global exchanges



Clearing by the numbers

\$12.8bn

Client balances³ (+21% YoY)

1.1bn

Contracts cleared (+30% YoY)

278

Front-office FTEs⁵

Proven scale as a top 10 FCM⁴

Continued market share growth

Dedicated team with expertise

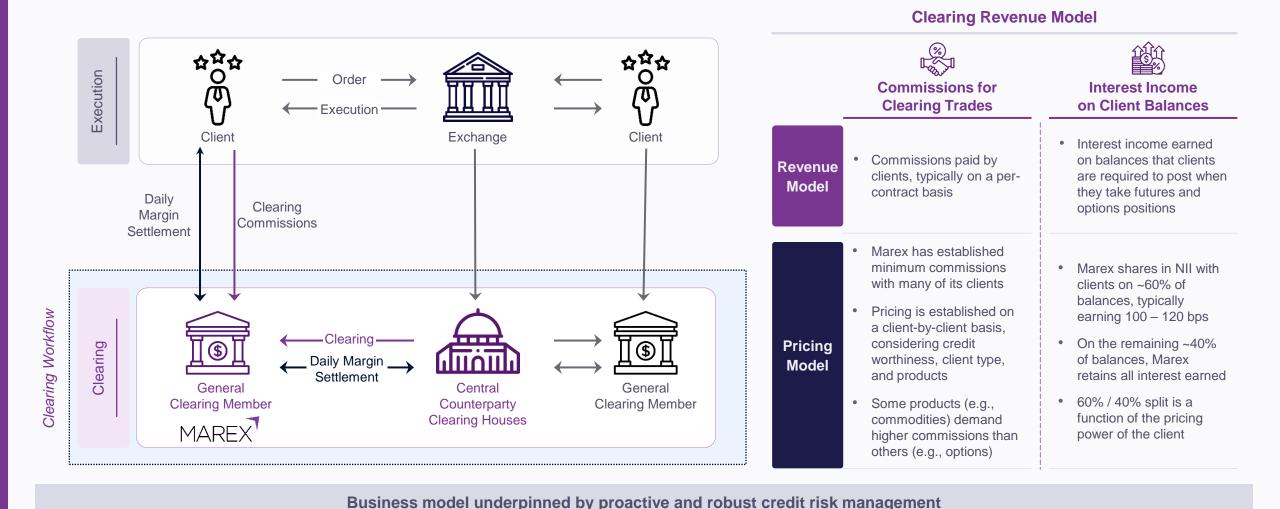
Note(s): Financial and company data as of December 31, 2024. Revenue and Adjusted Profit Before Tax values do not sum to 100% due to exclusion of Corporate segment.

- 1. Active clients include clients that have generated more than \$5,000 in revenue for us in a given year.
- 2. Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.
- 3. Client balances reflect those as of period end
- 4. FCM = "futures commission merchant." Top 10 FCM in the U.S. by client assets
- 5. Represents average number of our full-time equivalents over the period, including permanent employees and contractors

Marex Clearing provides essential market connectivity to global exchanges

Real-time risk monitoring

Daily margin calls



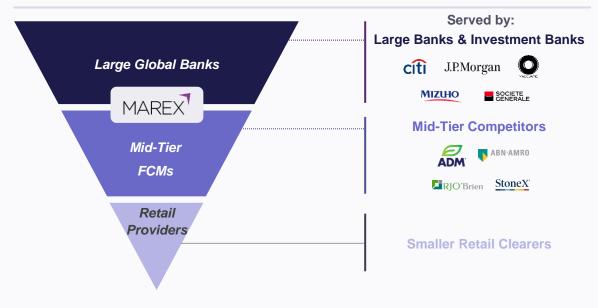
Uncommitted credit facilities

Margin multipliers

Flexibility to close out positions

Marex competitive positioning in a market with high barriers to entry

Competitive landscape



Key competitors comparison¹

	Product Coverage	Funding	IG Rating ²	Execution
MAREX	•	Ø	Ø	•
ABN-AMRO				
RJO'Brien				
StoneX [*]				

Competitive strengths and weaknesses

Large Banks & Investment Banks

- Increased capital requirements
- Retreat in challenging market environments
- Increasingly serving only larger clients
- Burdened by legacy technology



- ✓ Clearing is a key focus of Marex's business model
- ✓ Global exchange coverage
- ✓ Commitment to serve clients in a variety of market environments
- ✓ Well-invested technology and operating platform
- ✓ Strong capital and liquidity position and investment grade credit ratings makes Marex a trusted counterparty

Smaller Competitors

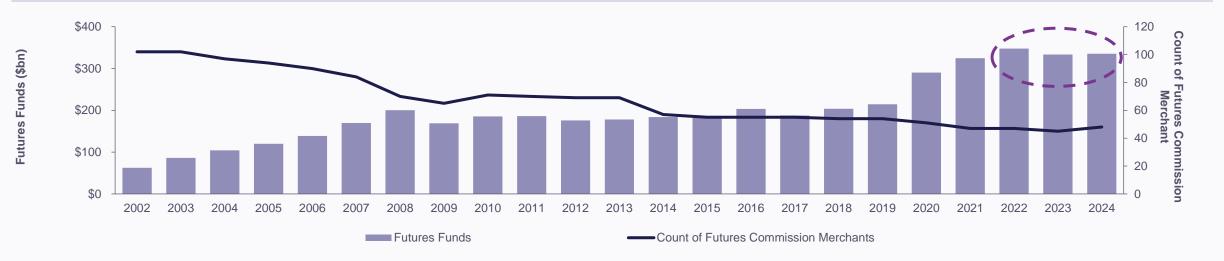
- Lack global presence and product coverage
- Non-investment grade credit rating and limited credit capacity
- Lack scale or capacity for large accounts
- Struggle to meet technology, liquidity and compliance challenges

Note(s)

- 1. Key Competitor Comparison prepared as management's assessment of competitor's services and capabilities based on public information, previous experience, and feedback from clients
- 2. RJO'Brien does not have any outstanding debt and therefore does not require an investment grade credit rating

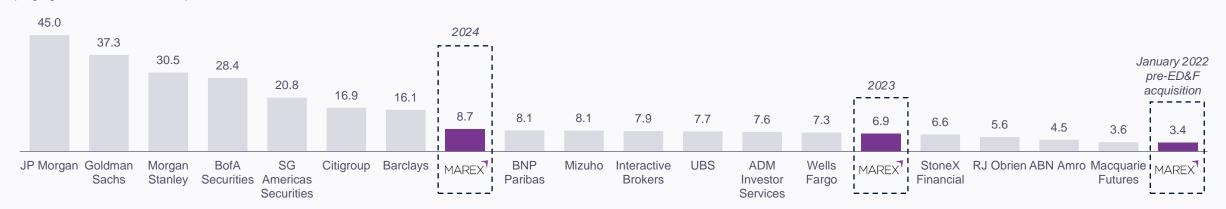
Marex is a top-10 player in a market with declining competitive intensity Number of FCMs declined 53% since 2002, top 10 players hold ~75% of margin balances

Declining number of clearers while futures funds continue to grow¹



Marex is now a top 10 FCM in the U.S. by client assets, competing with the largest global banks²



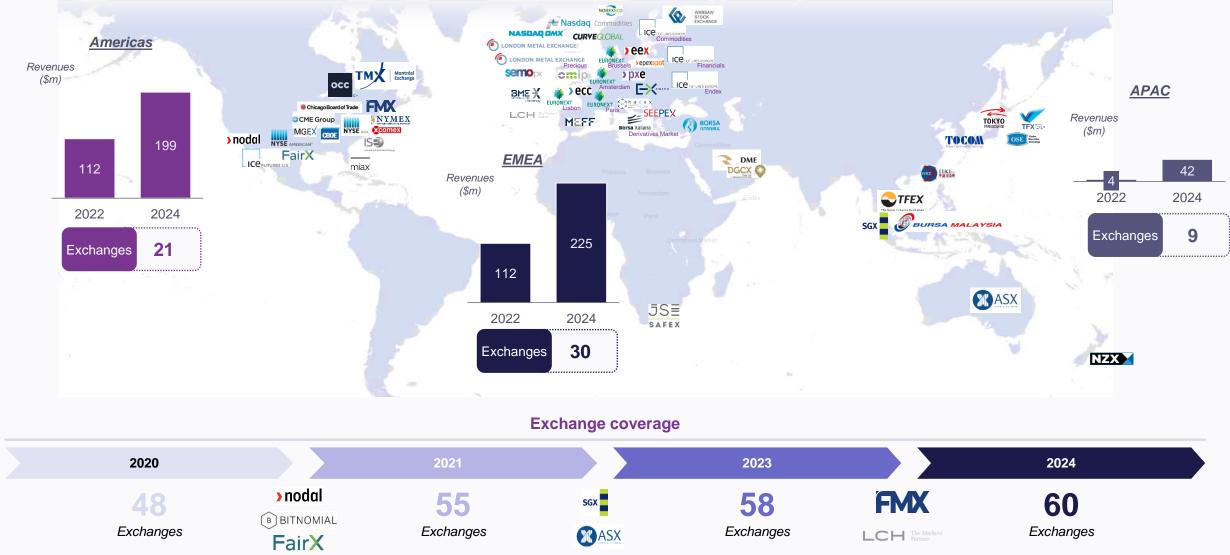


Source: FIA and CFTC

47

^{1.} For U.S. only; Count excludes FCMs that have zero customer funds and does not consolidate affiliated FCMs; Futures funds include Section 4(d) and Part 30. Data as of each respective year ended December 31st, unless otherwise noted

Global presence supports client demand to trade in all regions

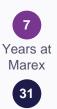


Agency and Execution Segment



Overview of Agency and Execution

Senior management







Paolo Tonucci Chief Strategist and CEO, Capital Markets

Joined Marex in May 2018 as COO, became CFO in 2020. Chief Strategist and **CEO** of Marex Capital Markets

Revenue



26 Industry Experience

Years at

Marex



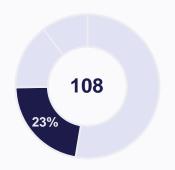
Matt Thistle Global Head of Energy

· Global Head of Energy, formerly Head of Energy North America, Marex since 2019

Contribution of Agency and Execution segment (\$m)

695





Low-risk client execution generating stable & repeatable revenue



Agency and Execution by the numbers

54% Revenue CAGR (2021-2024)

Expanding through organic and inorganic growth

666 Front-office FTEs²

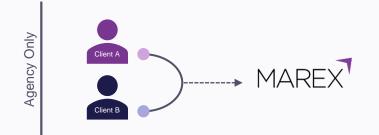
Dedicated team with expertise

Note(s): Financial and company data as of December 31, 2024. Revenue and Adjusted Profit Before Tax values do not sum to 100% due to exclusion of Corporate segment.

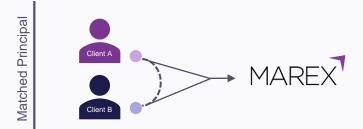
- 1. Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.
- 2. Represents average number of our full-time equivalents over the period, including permanent employees and contractors

Agency and Execution business model overview

Multiple execution models, with minimal market risk



Marex is not a counterparty and acts as an agent, matching buyers and sellers who face off against each other



On-Exchange Execution Marex acts as counterparty to both buyer and seller once a trade is matched, but is not exposed to market risk



Marex provides on-exchange execution on behalf of clients

Execution channels



- · Large block trades
- · Require specialist execution
- · Differentiation through quality of service
- In house market making



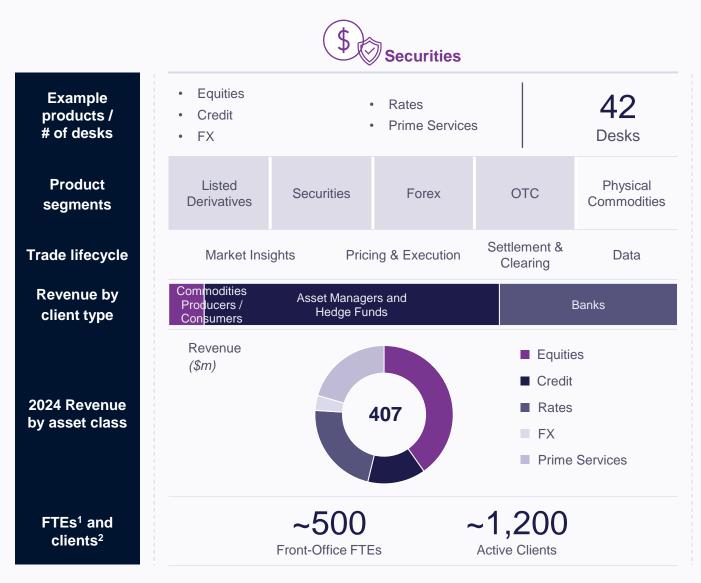
- · Direct market access
- Pure electronic and hybrid model
- Simpler transactions

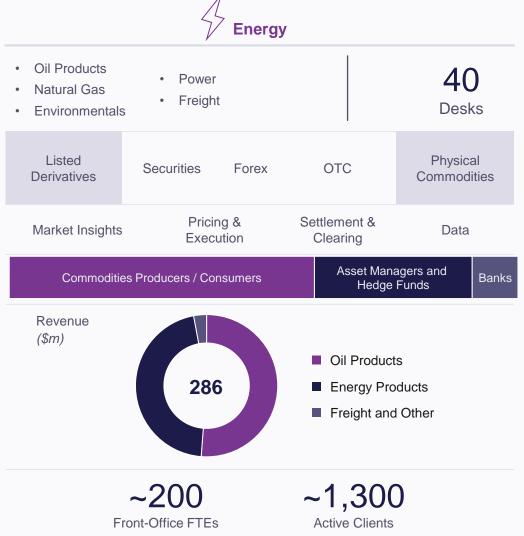


- Minimize market impact
- Provide best execution
- Specialist commodities algorithms

Capital light business model, generating strong repeat revenues by offering consistent liquidity and anonymity in execution

Agency and Execution is comprised of two businesses





Note(s): Financial and company data as of December 31, 2024

2. Active clients refer to clients that generate over \$5,000 in revenue per annum.

^{1.} Represents average number of our full-time equivalents over the period, including permanent employees and contractors

Securities market dynamics increasing client demand for specialist execution

Challenges in competitive landscape



Investment Banks

- Increased regulatory complexity and capital costs
- · Legacy technology infrastructure create inefficiencies
- Smaller to mid-market clients seen as "uneconomical" to service

Liquidity (Aggregators

Market Makers

- Trades almost exclusively in highly liquid instruments via algorithmic execution
- Market intermediaries with limited to "direct" clients



Interdealer Brokers

- Challenges evolving existing client base from an IDB to a real end-client model
- · Do not provide full-service market making capabilities
- · No clearing capabilities

Single Liquidity Venues

Exchanges

- · High costs and barriers to entry for direct memberships and connectivity
- · Offer excellent liquidity, albeit limited to a single ecosystem

Our opportunities

- ✓ Single point of execution for clients to connect with global capital markets
- √ Ability to service real money clients and corporates with greater attention and flexibility than the traditional investment banking model
- ✓ A wider range of product and liquidity than single venues with capacity for geographic expansion
- ✓ Leverage investment grade credit rating to provide balance sheet
- √ Ability to provide clearing and tailored prime services, creating a higher level of captive client flow
- ✓ Ability to provide outsourced trading on best execution basis
- ✓ Select electronic deployments servicing existing client base and/or strengthening execution capabilities



Overview of Market Making

Senior management



Previously Portfolio Manager at Valhalla Capital Advisor and worked in commodities at Goldman Sachs

President, Market Making

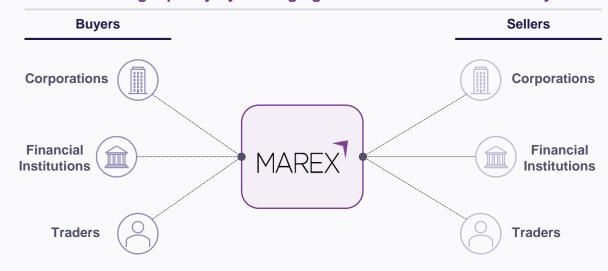
Years at Marex

16
Industry
Experience Bastien Declercq
Head of Energy & Environmentals

Market Making

Previously MD at CSC Commodities UK and an Oil Derivatives Trader with Morgan Stanley and UBS

Providing liquidity by leveraging extensive market connectivity



Contribution of Market Making segment (\$m)



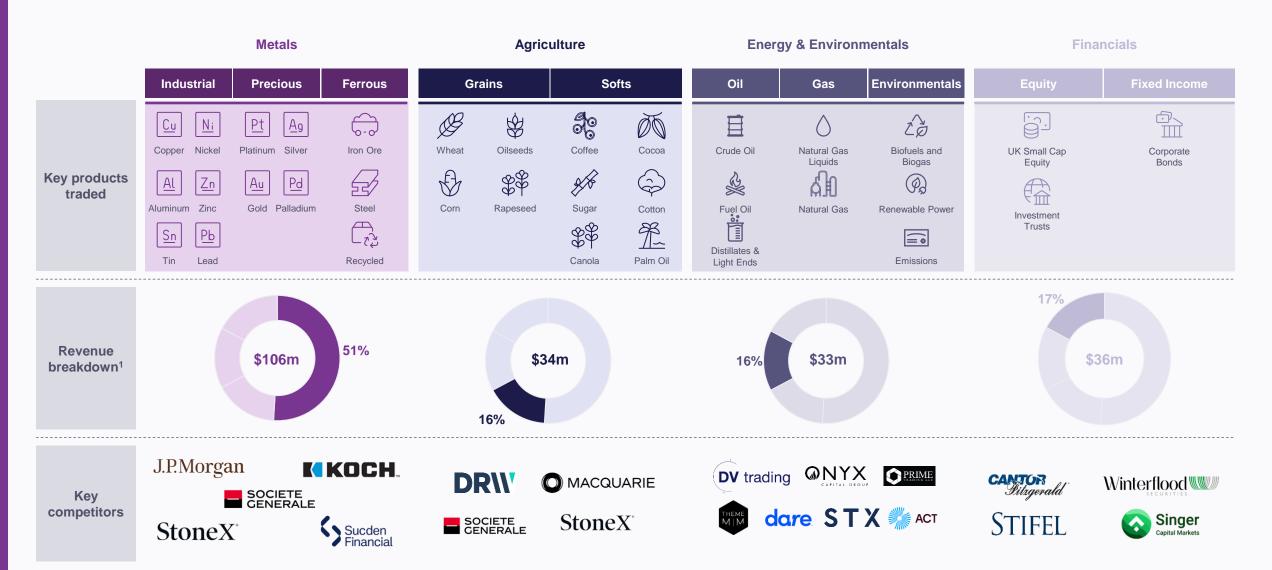


Market Making by the numbers

57 Asset Classes Traded	\$3.2m Average VaR ²	98% Positive trading weeks
Broad product and asset class coverage	Prudent approach to risk management	Low-risk, client-flow driven business

- Note(s): Financial and company data as of December 31, 2024. Revenue and Adjusted Profit Before Tax values do not sum to 100% due to exclusion of Corporate segment.
- 1. Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.
- 2. Represents average daily value at risk (VaR), across both Marex Financial and Marex Capital Markets Inc, which comprises risk in the Market Making segment.

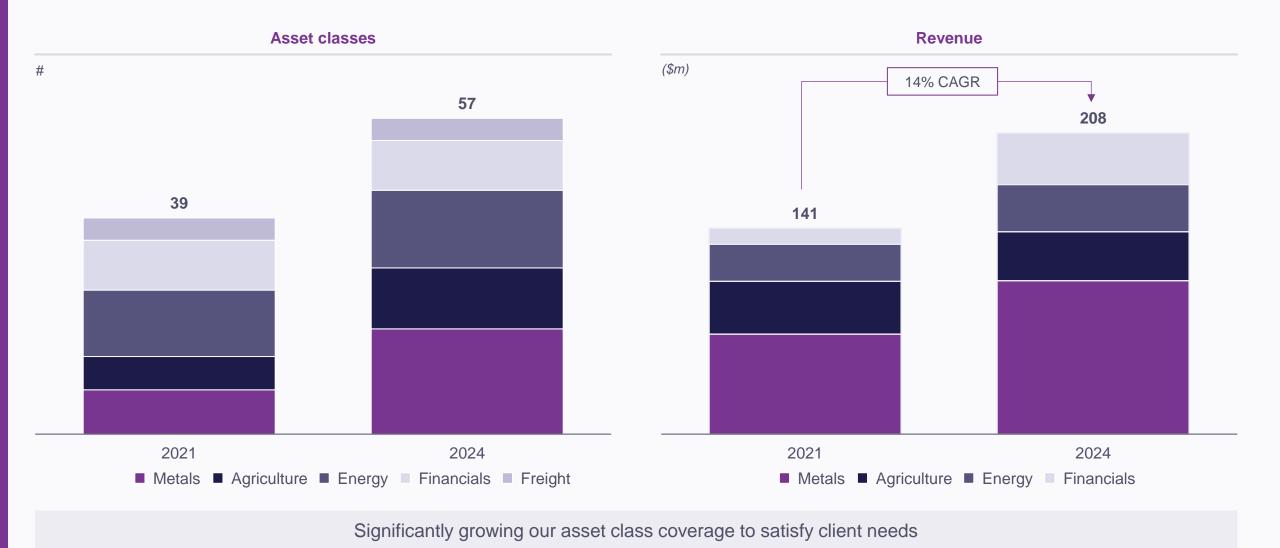
Specialization is key in opaque and non-commoditized markets business



Focus on producers and consumers of commodities

	Producers & Refiners	Consumers	Banks	Trading Firms & Asset Managers
Metals	CODELCO CITIC Group 「知集団 OZIJIN	HunterDouglas 🛟	Goldman Sachs J.P.Morgan	BlackRock. TRAFIGURA MERCURIA GLENCORE
Agriculture	AL KHALEEJ SUGAR GHANA COCOA BOARD	Alcoa JDE Wendy's 中線国际 PRINTED P	SOCIETE GENERALE MACQUARIE	WELLINGTON MANAGEMENT® DEShaw&Co
Energy	cooxupé INEOS CEPSA GLENCORE	COFCO INTL Nestle NORDEN PetroChina	RWE DBS	SINOPEC GLENCORE
Environmentals	Gasum SEVERN TRENT Barrow Green Gas	TARGRAY ENOWA ENERGROUP AIR LIQUIDE ADM/MICH BUSINESS & TECHNICOSIS SUMMIT ENERGY Services	Absent notable clients or competitors	Shell ENERGY Statkraft Statkraft Adanske commodities SEFE MARKETING & TRADING
		ADVANCED BUSINESS & TECHNOLOGIES Plies on day-to-day trading		& TRADING

Diversity across asset classes has led to a resilient business model





Overview of Hedging and Investment Solutions

Segment leadership



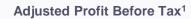
Nilesh Jethwa CEO, Marex Solutions

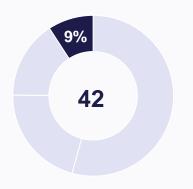
- Established Marex Solutions in 2017
- Grew business from inception to \$162m in revenue and a 26% profit margin in 2024
- Helped Leonteq, which was then a start-up focused on structured products, successfully IPO 5 years from inception
- Began career on the equity derivatives trading desk at Lehman Brothers where helped create the customized derivatives franchise

Contribution of Heding and Investment Solutions segment (\$m)

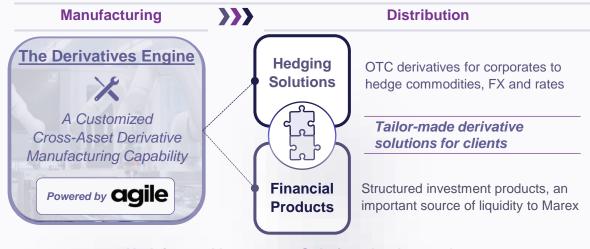
162

Revenue





Manufacturing and distribution of customized derivatives



Hedging and Investment Solutions by the numbers

36%Revenue CAGR (2020-2024)

Strong demand for investment and commodity heading solutions

166

Front-office FTEs²

Office in 5 continents

313 total FTEs2

Global support across "24-5" trading hubs

Note(s): Financial and company data as of December 31, 2024. Revenue and Adjusted Profit Before Tax values do not sum to 100% due to exclusion of Corporate segment.

- 1. Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.
- 2. Represents average number of our full-time equivalents over the period, including permanent employees and contractors

One capability, two distinct distribution channels

Providing customized derivative solutions to different client bases



Hedging Solutions



Financial Products

Main Products and Asset Classes

- Enables corporates to hedge their exposure via OTC derivatives:
 - Commodities (Agriculture, Energy, Metals, Environmentals)
 - FX and rates

- Customizable investment platform allowing investors to gain exposure via a structured note, to a particular market or asset class:
 - Equities, funds, credit, commodities, digital assets, custom indices

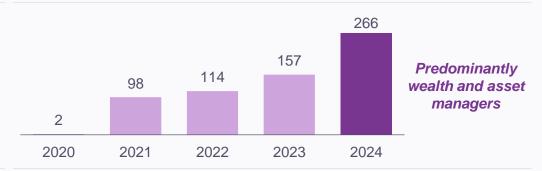
Revenue Model

• Revenue generated through the marking up of customized derivatives which are hedged with lower margin vanilla derivatives





Predominantly producers and consumers of commodities



Key Competitors



Banks





Non-Banks

























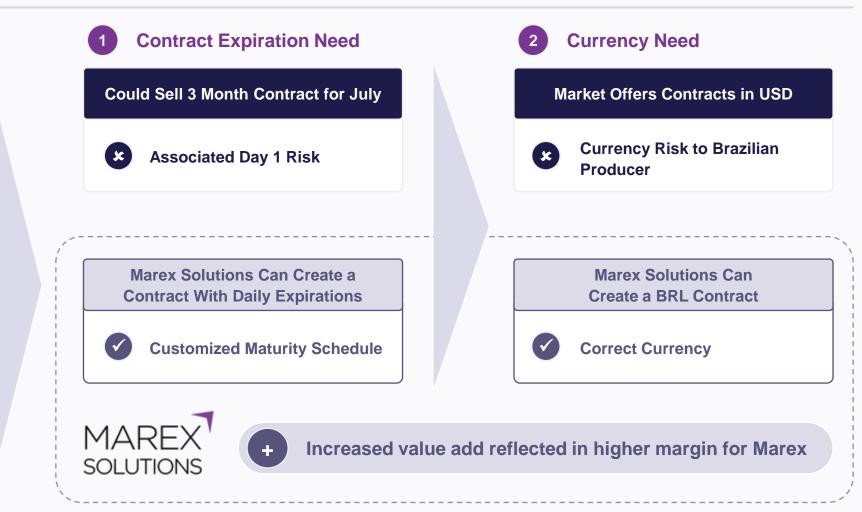


Hedging Solutions – flexible hedging products

Illustrative trade: Marex Solution creating flexible hedging products to meet a coffee producer's specific needs

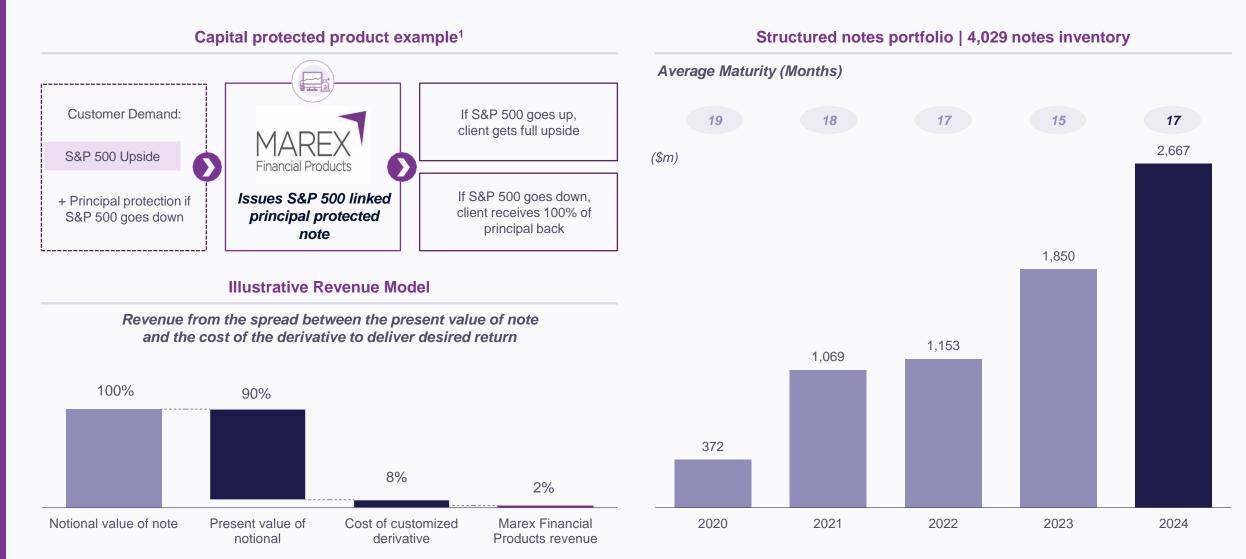


- Coffee producer only generates revenue when harvested crop is sold
- Needs to lock in a price for coffee while crop is growing
- Located in Brazil and costs are in Brazilian Real





Financial Products – structured notes for investors



Client flow business with minimal directional market risk Disciplined and experienced risk managers, with 'right-way' risk for Marex

	Hedging Solutions	Financial Products
Credit Risk	 Variation margin credit lines provided to clients Right-way risk since our exposure hedges a physical product 	No credit risk for Marex: clients assume Marex credit risk via the structured note
Funding / Liquidity Risk	 Low liquidity requirement Client cash balances provide stress buffer Strict margin call discipline 	 Product notional funded upfront by clients High-quality and stable source of funding for Marex Product duration typically extends during stress
Market Risk	 Majority of market risk hedged immediately Residual market risk due to hedging a customized derivative with a Senior team of 20 traders spanning APAC, Europe and the US Books are generally positioned to profit from tail events 	a liquid standard derivative
Operational Risk	 Significant investment in our platform enhancing our competitive a Focus on lots of smaller trades meaning limited concentration to a 	

Appendix

Marex at a glance



A diversified global financial services platform, providing essential liquidity, market access and infrastructure services to participants in the energy, commodities and financial markets



Over 40

Offices around the globe



~5,000

Active clients¹



\$1.6bn

Revenue



100%

Positive trading months since 2021



26+ years

Average experience held by management



60

Exchanges globally connected



\$321m

Adjusted Profit Before Tax²



25%

Return on Equity³

Note(s): Financial data and Company statistics shown as of December 31, 2024.

^{1.} Active clients include clients that have generated more than \$5,000 in revenue for us in a given year. Active clients include clients who have, on an annualized basis in that period, generated more than \$5,000 revenue for us.

^{2.} Adjusted Profit Before Tax is a non-IFRS measure. Please refer to the Appendix for the definition and reconciliation to the nearest IFRS measure.

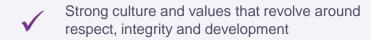
^{3.} Return on Equity is calculated as profit after tax for the period divided by average equity. Average equity is calculated as the average of total equity as at December 31 of the prior year, March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of the current year.

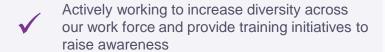
Run by a highly experienced management team

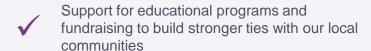


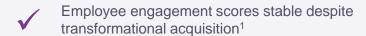
Cultivating an environment where talent can thrive...

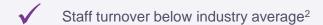
...led by our experienced executive team













Ian Lowitt Group Chief Executive Officer



Paolo Tonucci Chief Strategist & CEO, Capital Markets



Rob Irvin Group Chief Financial Officer



Dean Shoosmith Group Chief Risk Officer



Graham Francis Group Chief Operating Officer



Thomas Texier Clearing



Matt Thistle OTC Energy



Simon van den Born Market Making & President



Nilesh Jethwa Marex Solutions



Arthur Fan APAC



Ram Vittal North America

26+ years industry experience on average across executive team



Years at Marex



Industry Experience

Note(s):

^{1.} Global and departmental employee engagement scores are based on a survey sent to employees relating to the drivers of engagement and general feedback on an annual basis for the past 5 years. The results are averaged per driver in order to determine the underlying scores that demonstrate the level of employee engagement.

Unique Service Offering and Market Leading Position



Marex's Primary Competitors by Core Businesses¹

		Clearing	Market Making	Agency and Execution	Hedging and Investment Solutions
	MAREX	✓	✓	✓	✓
erage	Clarkson PLC			✓	
FCMs and Brokerage	RJO'Brien	√		√	
FCMs	StoneX	√	√	√	No structured notes business
okers	¬ [∟] bgc			√	
Inter-dealer Brokers	TPICAP			Focused on financial markets	
Inter-c	№ Tradition			✓	✓ Distribution only
Makers	VIRTU		✓	✓	
	⊕ CME Group	√		✓	
Exchanges	ıce	√		✓	
	Investment Banks	Largely pulling back	√		\checkmark

Profit Before Tax to Adjusted Profit Before Tax Reconciliation



(\$m)	3 months ended 31 March 2025 Estimated Low	3 months ended 31 March 2025 Estimated High	3 months ended 31 March 2024 Actuals
Profit After Tax	71.5	72.5	43.6
Taxation charge	25.0	25.5	15.3
Profit Before Tax	96.5	98.0	58.9
Bargain purchase gains ¹	(3.4)	(3.4)	
Acquisition costs ²	_	_	0.2
Amortization of acquired brands and customer lists ³	1.3	1.3	0.8
Activities relating to shareholders ⁴	-	_	2.4
Owner fees ⁵	0.4	0.4	1.7
IPO preparation costs ⁶	_	_	3.7
Adjusted Profit Before Tax	94.8	96.3	67.7
Tax and the tax effect on the Adjusting Items ⁷	(23.4)	(23.9)	(15.5)
Profit attributable to AT1 note holders ⁸	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)
Adjusted Profit After Tax Attributable to Common Equity	68.1	69.1	48.9
Profit After Tax Margin	15%	15%	12%
Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin ⁹	20%	21%	19%
Basic Earnings per Share (\$) ¹⁰	0.97	0.98	0.60
Diluted Earnings per Share (\$) ¹¹	0.91	0.92	0.56
Adjusted Earnings per Share (\$)10	0.97	0.98	0.74
Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share (\$) ¹¹	0.91	0.92	0.69

Note(s) (table may not directly cast due to rounding):

A bargain purchase gain was recognized as a result of the ED&F Man Capital Markets division acquisition

Acquisition costs are costs, such as legal fees incurred in relation to the business acquisitions of ED&F Man Capital Markets business, the OTCex group and Cowen's Prime Services and Outsourced Trading business.

Activities in relation to shareholders primarily consist of dividend-like contributions made to participants within certain of our share-based payments schemes.

Owner fees relate to management services fees paid to parties associated with the ultimate controlling party based on a percentage of our EBITDA in each year, presented in the income statement within other expenses.

Tax and the tax effect on the Adjusting Items represents the tax for the period and the tax effect of the other Adjusting Items was calculated at the Group's effective tax rate for the respective period.

Profit attributable to AT1 note holders are the coupons on the AT1 issuance, which are accounted for as dividends.

Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted Profit Before Tax (as defined above) divided by revenue for the period.

The weighted average numbers of shares used in the calculation for the three months ended 31 March 2025 range estimates and three months ended 2024 actuals were 70,541,771 and 65,683,374 respectively. Weighted average number of shares have been restated as applicable for the Group's reverse share split.

The weighted average numbers of diluted shares used in the calculation for the three months ended 31 March 2025 range estimates and three months ended 2024 actuals were 74,942,291 and 70,383,309 respectively. Weighted average number of shares have been restated as applicable for the Group's reverse share split.

Profit Before Tax to Adjusted Profit Before Tax Reconciliation



(\$m)	12 months ended 31 December 2024	12 months ended 31 December 2023	12 months ended 31 December 2022	12 months ended 31 December 2021
Profit After Tax	218.0	141.3	98.2	56.5
Taxation charge	77.8	55.2	23.4	13.4
Profit Before Tax	295.8	196.5	121.6	69.9
Goodwill impairment charge ¹	_	10.7	53.9	_
Bargain purchase gains ²	_	(0.3)	(71.6)	_
Acquisition costs ³	_	1.8	11.5	_
Amortization of acquired brands and customer lists ⁴	5.5	2.1	1.7	1.0
Activities relating to shareholders ⁵	2.4	3.1	0.5	_
Employer tax on vesting of growth shares ⁶	2.2	_	_	_
Owner fees ⁷	2.4	6.0	3.4	2.0
IPO preparation costs ⁸	8.6	10.1	0.7	6.7
Fair value of the cash settlement option on the growth shares ⁹	2.3	_	_	_
Public offering of ordinary shares ¹⁰	1.9	_	_	_
Adjusted Profit Before Tax	321.1	230.0	121.7	79.6
Tax and the tax effect on the Adjusting Items ¹	(76.8)	(54.1)	(23.9)	(13.9)
Profit attributable to AT1 note holders ¹²	(13.3)	(13.3)	(5.1)	_
Adjusted Profit After Tax Attributable to Common Equity	231.0	162.6	92.7	65.7
Profit After Tax Margin	14%	11%	14%	10%
Adjusted Profit Before Tax Margin ¹³	20%	18%	17%	15%
Basic Earnings per Share (\$) ¹⁴	2.96	1.94	1.39	0.85
Diluted Earnings per Share (\$) ¹⁵	2.72	1.82	1.36	0.82
Adjusted Earnings per Share (\$) ¹⁴	3.34	2.46	1.40	0.98
Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share (\$) ¹⁵	3.07	2.31	1.37	0.95

Note(s) (table may not directly cast due to rounding): 1. Goodwill impairment charge recognized for the Volatility Performance Fund S.A. CGU, largely due to declining budgeted performance and macroeconomic factors, such as high inflation and interest rates." 2. A bargain purchase gain is expected to be recognized for 1025 as a result of the ED&F Man Capital Markets' Hong Kong business in 2023 and \$71.6 million recognized as a result of the ED&F Man Capital Markets' Us and UK businesses in 2022. "3. Acquisition or Darton Group Limited. Bargain purchase gains in 2023 and \$71.6 million recognized as a result of the ED&F Man Capital Markets' Us and UK businesses in 2022. "3. Acquisition costs are costs, such as legal fees incurred in relation to the business acquisitions of Cowen's Prima Services and Outsourced Trading business. 4. This persents the amortisation of acquired brands and customers lists. 5. Activities in relation to shareholders primarily consist of dividend-like contributions made to participants within certain of our share-based payments schemes. 6. Employer tax on vesting of the Growth Shares represents the Growth Shares represents the Growth Shares are participants within certain of our share-based payments schemes. 6. Employer tax on vesting of the Growth Shares are presented in the income statement within other expenses. 9 and to participants within other expenses. 9 and to participants and the growth Shares are presented to consulting, legal and audition, and the same payments acquired to consulting, legal and audition of ordinary shares are presented to the Growth Shares are presented to the Growth Shares are presented to consulting, legal and audition of ordinary shares, the liability of the Growth Shares are presented to the Growth Shares are presented to consulting, legal and audition of ordinary shares, the liability of the Growth Shares are presented to the Growth Shares are presented to consulting, legal and audition of the Growth Shares are presented to consulting, legal and audition of

Summary Balance Sheet



- Cash and Liquid Assets represent cash and cash equivalents, treasury instruments pledged as collateral and treasury instruments unpledged
- Trade Receivables primarily reflect balances due from exchanges or other counterparties which relate to client activity on our platform
- Securities assets are equity instruments and stock borrowing
- Derivative Assets reflect the fair value of derivatives on the balance sheet, including forward currency contracts, OTC precious and base metal contracts, agriculture contracts, energy contracts, and equities
- Other Assets are inventory, corporate income tax receivable, deferred tax, investment in associate, investments, right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment
- Goodwill and Intangibles are primarily composed of goodwill from prior M&A transactions and capitalized IT spend
- **Trade Payables** primarily reflect balances payable to clients or due to exchanges, clearing houses or other counterparties
- Repurchase Agreements balances relate to repo and reverse repo activity in highly-liquid securities within the newly acquired MCM business
- Securities Liabilities are stock lending and short securities
- **Debt Securities** primarily reflect the structured notes portfolio which underpin our investment solutions offering to clients, which is an important source of liquidity for the Group
- Other Liabilities are deferred tax liability, lease liability, provisions and corporate tax
- **Total Equity** increased, reflecting growth in retained earnings due to strong profitability during the period, partly offset by a dividend payment to shareholders

(\$m)	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2023 ¹	% change
Cash and Liquid Assets ²	6,213.0	4,465.9	39%
Trade Receivables	7,553.2	4,789.8	58%
Reverse Repo Agreements	2,490.4	3,199.8	(22%)
Securities ³	6,459.7	4,022.7	61%
Derivative Instruments	1,163.5	655.6	77%
Other Assets ⁴	199.7	258.2	(23%)
Goodwill and Intangibles	233.0	219.6	6%
Total Assets	24,312.5	17,611.6	38%
Trade Payables	9,740.4	6,785.9	44%
Repurchase Agreements	2,305.8	3,118.9	(26%)
Securities ⁵	6,656.7	4,248.1	57%
Debt Securities	3,604.5	2,216.3	63%
Derivative Instruments	751.7	402.2	87%
Other Liabilities ⁶	276.5	64.3	330%
Total Liabilities	23,335.6	16,835.7	39%

Total Equity 976.9 775.9	26%
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Note(s) (table may not directly cast due to rounding):

Prior period comparatives have been restated. Refer to note 3(b) and note 37 in our Group Annual Report for further information.

^{2.} Cash & Liquid Assets are cash and cash equivalents, treasury instruments pledged as collateral, treasury instruments unpledged and fixed income securities.

Securities assets are equity instruments and stock borrowing.

[.] Other Assets are inventory, corporate income tax receivable, deferred tax, investments, right-of-use assets, and property plant and equipment.

Securities liabilities are stock lending and short securities.

Other Liabilities are short term borrowings, deferred tax liability, lease liability, provisions and corporation tax.

Reconciliation to Statutory Balance Sheet



Summary Balance Sheet	Statutory Balance Sheet	Growth Drivers
Cash and Liquid Assets	Cash and cash equivalents, Treasury instruments (pledged as collateral and unpledged)	Primarily driven by Clearing client asset balances and growth in house cash balances, anticipated to grow broadly in line with underlying business
Trade Receivables	Trade and Other Receivables	Primarily reflect balances due from exchanges or other counterparties which relate to client activity on our platform
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Balances primarily relate to repo and reverse repo activity in highly-liquid securities within Agency and Execution capital markets business
Securities	Equity instruments, Stock Borrowing	Growth drivers primarily stock lending, complimentary service to prime services and clearing
Derivative Assets	Derivative Instruments	 Primarily driven by Solutions and Market Making segments, anticipated to grow broadly ir line with trading revenues
Other Assets	Property, software and equipment, Right-of-use assets, investments (shares and seats held in clearing houses), inventory, investments in associates & subsidiaries, and deferred tax	Primarily Marex house balances, anticipated to grow in line with underlying business growth
Goodwill and Intangibles	Goodwill and Other Intangibles	Growth dependent on future M&A activity, as well as capitalized IT spend
Total Assets	Total Assets]
Trade Payables	Trade and Other Payables	Primarily reflect balances payable to clients or due to exchanges, clearing houses or other counterparties
Repurchase Agreements	Repurchase Agreements	Balances primarily relate to repo and reverse repo activity in highly-liquid securities within Agency and Execution capital markets business
Securities	Stock Lending and Short Securities	Growth drivers primarily stock lending, complimentary service to prime services and clearing
Debt Securities	Short-Term Borrowings, Long-Term Borrowings, and Debt Securities	Primarily driven by growth in Structured Notes portfolio
Derivative Liabilities	Derivative Instruments	Primarily driven by Solutions and Market Making segments, anticipated to grow broadly ir line with trading revenues
Other Liabilities	Corporation Tax, Lease Liability, Provisions, and Deferred Tax Liability	Primarily Marex house balances, anticipated to grow in line with underlying business growth
Total Liabilities	Total Liabilities	I I
Total Equity	Share Capital, Share Premium, Additional Tier 1 Capital, Retained Earnings and Other Reserves	Growth in retained earnings, offset by any payments of dividends to shareholders

Adjusted Sharpe Ratio (of Adjusted Profit Before Tax) Reconciliation

We define the Adjusted Sharpe ratio as the ratio calculated as the average of monthly Adjusted Profit Before Tax divided by the Standard Deviation of monthly Adjusted Profit Before Tax. The Adjusted Sharpe ratio is used by management to measure our underlying earnings stability and assess the scale of the increase in our Adjusted Profit Before Tax. The most directly comparable IFRS ratio is the Sharpe ratio, which is calculated as the average monthly Profit After Tax divided by the Standard Deviation of monthly Profit After Tax.

	FY 2023	FY 2024
Average Monthly Profit After Tax (\$m)	11.8	18.2
Standard Deviation on monthly Profit After Tax ¹	3.7	3.9
Reported Sharpe Ratio	3.2	4.7
Average monthly Adjusted Profit Before Tax	19.2	26.8
Standard Deviation on monthly Adjusted Profit Before Tax ¹	4.4	5.2
Adjusted Sharpe Ratio	4.3	5.2

Note(s) (table may not directly cast due to rounding):

^{1.} In each period, standard deviation is calculated as the square root of the variance of monthly profit after tax relative to the mean. The profit after tax variance is calculated as the squares of the difference between monthly profit after tax and the mean profit after tax, divided by the number of months, and the calculation of the ratio is the same for the Sharpe ratio (on a monthly profit after tax basis).

