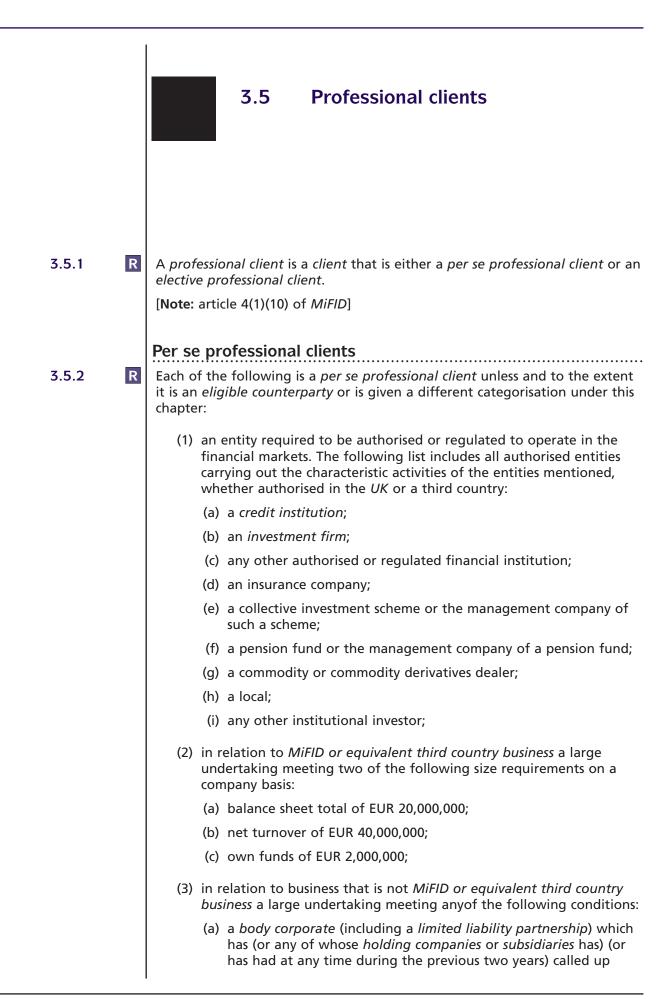
Conduct of Business Sourcebook

Chapter 3

Client categorisation



		share capital or net assets of at least £5 million (or its equivalent in any other currency at the relevant time);
		(b) an undertaking that meets (or any of whose <i>holding companies</i> or <i>subsidiaries</i> meets) two of the following tests:
		(i) a balance sheet total of EUR 12,500,000;
		(ii) a net turnover of EUR 25,000,000;
		(iii) an average number of employees during the year of 250;
		(c) a partnership or unincorporated association which has (or has had at any time during the previous two years) net assets of at least £5 million (or its equivalent in any other currency at the relevant time) and calculated in the case of a limited partnership without deducting loans owing to any of the partners;
		(d) a trustee of a trust (other than an occupational pension scheme, SSAS, personal pension scheme or stakeholder pension scheme) which has (or has had at any time during the previous two years) assets of at least £10 million (or its equivalent in any other currency at the relevant time) calculated by aggregating the value of the cash and designated investments forming part of the trust's assets, but before deducting its liabilities;
		(e) a trustee of an occupational pension scheme or SSAS, or a trustee or operator of a personal pension scheme or stakeholder pension scheme where the scheme has (or has had at any time during the previous two years):
		(i) at least 50 members; and
		(ii) assets under management of at least £10 million (or its equivalent in any other currency at the relevant time);
		(4) a national or regional government, including a public body that manages public debt at national or regional level, a central bank, an international or supranational institution (such as the World Bank, the IMF, the ECB, the EIB) or another similar international organisation;
		(5) another institutional investor whose main activity is to invest in <i>financial instruments</i> (in relation to the <i>firm's MiFID or equivalent third country business</i>) or <i>designated investments</i> (in relation to the <i>firm's</i> other business). This includes entities dedicated to the securitisation of assets or other financing transactions.
		[Note: first paragraph of section I of annex II to MiFID]
3.5.2A	R	[deleted]
3.5.2B	R	A <i>firm</i> must categorise a local public authority or municipality which (in either case) does not manage public debt as a <i>retail client</i> , unless it is permitted to treat such a <i>person</i> as an <i>elective professional client</i> in accordance with COBS 3.5.3BR to COBS 3.5.3ER.

COBS 3 : Client categorisation

3.5.2C	G	As a result of COBS 3.5.2BR, a local public authority or municipality which (in either case) does not manage public debt should not be treated as a <i>per se professional client</i> .
3.5.3	R	Elective professional clients A <i>firm</i> may treat a <i>client</i> other than a local public authority or municipality as an <i>elective professional client</i> if it complies with (1) and (3) and, where applicable, (2):
		(1) the <i>firm</i> undertakes an adequate assessment of the expertise, experience and knowledge of the <i>client</i> that gives reasonable assurance, in light of the nature of the transactions or services envisaged, that the <i>client</i> is capable of making his own investment decisions and understanding the risks involved (the "qualitative test");
		(2) in relation to <i>MiFID or equivalent third country business</i> in the course of that assessment, at least two of the following criteria are satisfied:
		 (a) the <i>client</i> has carried out transactions, in significant size, on the relevant market at an average frequency of 10 per quarter over the previous four quarters;
		(b) the size of the <i>client</i> 's <i>financial instrument</i> portfolio, defined as including cash deposits and <i>financial instruments</i> , exceeds EUR 500,000;
		 (c) the <i>client</i> works or has worked in the financial sector for at least one year in a professional position, which requires knowledge of the transactions or services envisaged;
		(the "quantitative test"); and
		(3) the following procedure is followed:
		(a) the client must state in writing to the firm that it wishes to be treated as a professional client either generally or in respect of a particular service or transaction or type of transaction or product;
		(b) the <i>firm</i> must give the <i>client</i> a clear written warning of the protections and investor compensation rights the <i>client</i> may lose; and
		(c) the <i>client</i> must state in writing, in a separate document from the contract, that it is aware of the consequences of losing such protections.
		[Note: first, second, third and fifth paragraphs of section II.1 and first paragraph of section II.2 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>]
3.5.3A	G	 (1) As a result of ■ COBS 3.5.3BR and ■ COBS 3.5.3ER a firm should always assess a local public authority or municipality against a "quantitative test" to treat it as an elective professional client, regardless of whether the firm intends to conduct business involving MiFID or equivalent third country business or other regulated activities subject to ■ COBS 3.

COBS 3 : Client categorisation

		 (2) The "quantitative test" that a <i>firm</i> should use depends on the application of ■ COBS 3.5.3BR (which applies for UK clients) and ■ COBS 3.5.3ER (which applies for non-UK clients).
3.5.3B	R	 (1) A firm may treat a UK local public authority or municipality as an elective professional client if it complies with ■ COBS 3.5.3R(1) and ■ COBS 3.5.3R(3) and, in addition, paragraph (2) of this rule.
		 (2) In the course of the assessment under ■ COBS 3.5.3R(1) the criterion in (a) below is satisfied as well as one of the criteria in (b) below (the "quantitative test"):
		 (a) the size of the <i>client's financial instrument</i> portfolio defined as including cash deposits and <i>financial instruments</i>, exceeds £10,000,000; and
		(b) either:
		 the <i>client</i> has carried out transactions, in significant size, on the relevant market at an average frequency of ten per quarter over the previous four quarters; or
		 (ii) the <i>person</i> authorised to carry out transactions on behalf of the <i>client</i> works or has worked in the financial sector for at least one year in a professional position, which requires knowledge of the provision of services envisaged; or
		(iii) the <i>client</i> is an 'administering authority' of the Local Government Pension Scheme within the meaning of the version of Schedule 3 of The Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 or, (in relation to Scotland) within the meaning of the version of Schedule 3 of The Local Government Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 2014 in force at 1 January 2018, and is acting in that capacity.
3.5.3C	R	(1) This <i>rule</i> applies where a <i>firm</i> is subjecting a UK local public authority or municipality to the tests and is following the procedure required as a result of ■ COBS 3.5.3BR in respect of the <i>firm's</i> business carried on in relation to that <i>person's</i> :
		 (a) business in the course of or connected to its administration of a pension scheme; and
		(b) other business as a local public authority or municipality.
		(2) A firm must apply the qualitative and quantitative tests required as a result of ■ COBS 3.5.3BR separately and independently in relation to the <i>client's</i> business under (1)(a) and (1)(b).
		(3) A firm must follow the procedure in ■ COBS 3.5.3R(3) required as a result of ■ COBS 3.5.3BR separately and independently in relation to the <i>client's</i> business under (1)(a) and (1)(b).
3.5.3D	G	As a result of \blacksquare COBS 3.5.2BR and \blacksquare COBS 3.5.3CR, and depending on the outcome of the qualitative and quantitative tests required as a result of \blacksquare COBS 3.5.3BR, a <i>firm</i> may be required to categorise a <i>UK</i> local public authority or municipality differently in relation to the two sorts of business described at \blacksquare COBS 3.5.3CR(1)(a) and (b).

COBS 3 : Client categorisation

3.5.3E	R	 (1) A <i>firm</i> may treat a non-<i>UK</i> local public authority or municipality as an <i>elective professional client</i> if it complies with COBS 3.5.3R(1) and COBS 3.5.3R(3) and, in addition, applies the "quantitative test" that is applied in relation to <i>MiFID or equivalent third country business</i> under COBS 3.5.3R(2). (2) [deleted]
3.5.4	R	If the <i>client</i> is an entity, the qualitative test should be performed in relation to the <i>person</i> authorised to carry out transactions on its behalf. [Note: fourth paragraph of section II.1 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>]
3.5.5	G	The fitness test applied to managers and directors of relevant <i>firms</i> is an example of the assessment of expertise and knowledge involved in the qualitative test.
3.5.6	R	[Note: fourth paragraph of section II.1 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>] Before deciding to accept a request for re-categorisation as an <i>elective</i> <i>professional client</i> a <i>firm</i> must take all reasonable steps to ensure that the <i>client</i> requesting to be treated as an <i>elective professional client</i> satisfies the qualitative test and, where applicable, the relevant quantitative test.
		[Note: second paragraph of section II.2 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>]
3.5.7	G	An <i>elective professional client</i> should not be presumed to possess market knowledge and experience comparable to a <i>per se professional client</i>
7.5.0		[Note: second paragraph of section II.1 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>]
3.5.8	G	<i>Professional clients</i> are responsible for keeping the <i>firm</i> informed about any change that could affect their current categorisation. [Note: fourth paragraph of section II.2 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>]
3.5.9	R	(1) If a <i>firm</i> becomes aware that a <i>client</i> no longer fulfils the initial conditions that made it eligible for categorisation as an <i>elective professional client</i> , the <i>firm</i> must take the appropriate action.
		(2) Where the appropriate action involves re-categorising that client as a retail client, the firm must notify that client of its new categorisation.
		[Note: fourth paragraph of section II.2 of annex II to <i>MiFID</i>]