

FRICTIONLESS DIGITAL COMMERCE

A series of deep dives covering the impact of ONDC across key stakeholders



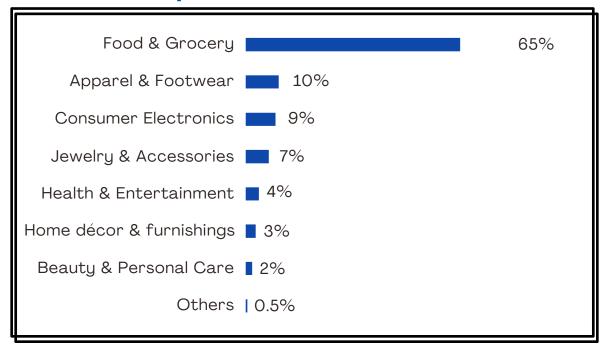


Setting the context.

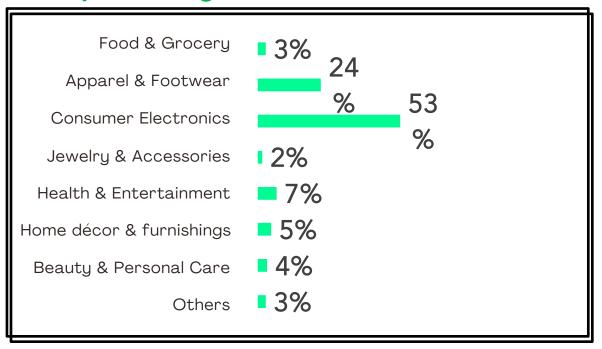
- i. E-Commerce today & it's challenges
- ii. What is ONDC
- iii. What problems does ONDC solve

Only 7% digital commerce penetration today

Split of retail market



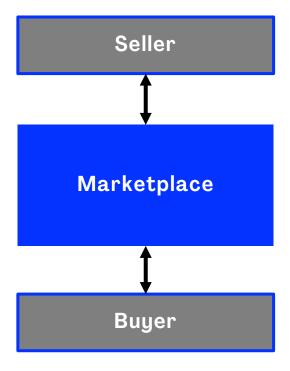
Split of digital commerce market





Marketplaces allow sellers to build scale, but there are several challenges..

How closed platform-centric marketplaces work



Challenges with closed platform-centric marketplaces

- Profitable unit economics:
 - Marketplace commissions along with extra investment to drive visibility means that seller margins are under pressure.
- Inability to own their data: Sellers become locked into marketplaces because of access to customers. Marketplaces eventually leverage seller data to drive their own private label strategy.
- Managing multiple platforms: Post onboarding, managing orders/inventory/payments from multiple platforms is also a time-consuming process.

ONDC is democratizing access to eCommerce..



An open network for digital commerce that will establish inclusive and competitive marketplaces online. ONDC is established by the Department for Promotion of Industry & Internal Trade

July'21

Advisory council established to discuss network protocols

Nov'21 to Mar'22

Seed investment from multiple public & private entities (\$30M committed in total) Apr'22

Pilot launched in 5 cities; first transaction recorded in B'lore Sep'22

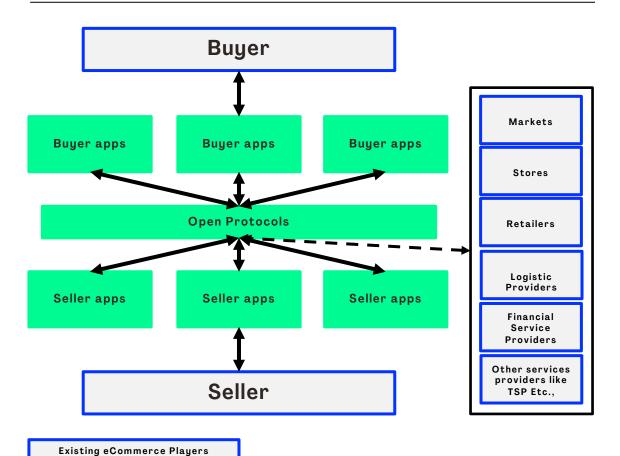
Public beta launched in B'lore; crosses 100 orders on first day As of July'23

ONDC is processing 40K orders/day. We cover the current status of ONDC in detail later.

.. & solving challenges posed by closed models

ONDC's open network model

New ONDC Ecosystem Players



Benefits of an open network model

Seller margins are protected:

ONDC will keep commissions capped even at later stages - currently hovering between 5-10%

Boosting D2C selling opportunities:

Data availability and control over a transaction lie at both the buyer and seller ends. Sellers are in control of how their data is used.

Plug into multiple platforms:

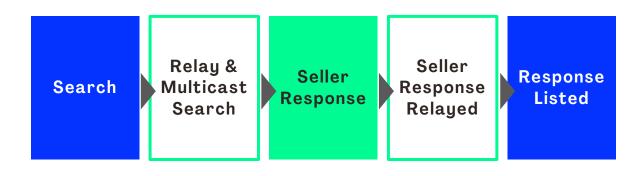
Instead of one middleman platform, sellers onboarded on ONDC are visible across all buyer platforms. This reduces the effort of onboarding on multiple platforms.

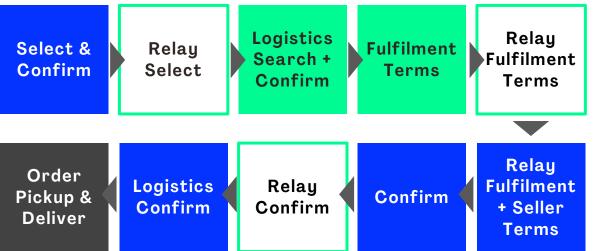


ONDC unbundles transactions to microservices

Search & Discovery Flow

Fulfilment Flow





Buuer app responsibilitu

Seller app responsibilitu

Open Network

Logistics Provider responsibility

Frictionless Digital Commerce Series

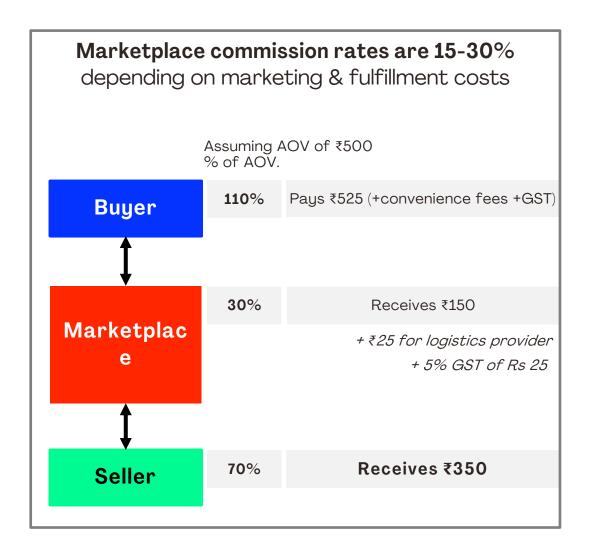
Part 1 Part 2 Part 3 Sellers Buyers Technology Challenges sellers face in 1. How ONDC benefits 1. Understanding the Beckn current models buyers protocol 2. Getting onboarded on 2. How is the network **ONDC** Emerging use-cases for structured buyers What unit economics on 3. Problems network ONDC will look like 3. Our take on how buyer participants face today applications will emerge & what's crucial

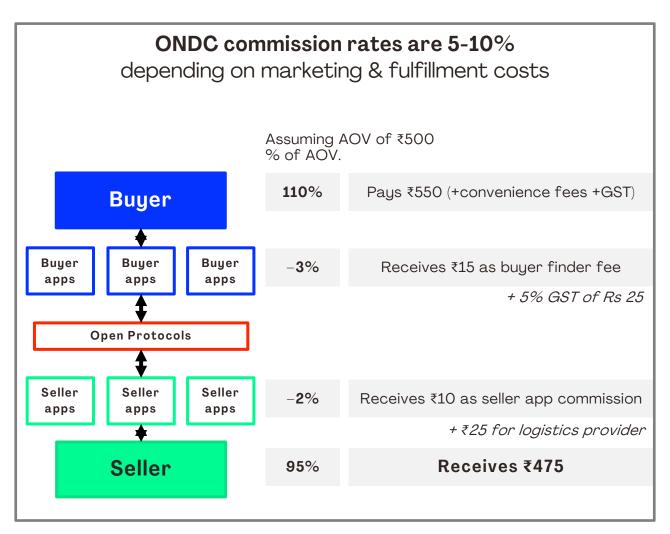


Seller Side Opportunity

- i. How ONDC benefits sellers
- ii. How do you participate as a seller
- iii.Current state of ONDC

ONDC presents an opportunity for sellers to leverage positive unit economics





How do you participate in ONDC as a seller?

Join the ONDC network through seller apps











What will you need to be onboarded?

Brand related information:

Logo, category, GST details, KYC, bank account details

Catalog management:

Upload product images, inventory details, migrate from existing channels (Amazon, Shopify, WooCommerce etc)

Decide fulfillment strategy:

You can choose to work with on network logistics participants (Delhivery, Dunzo, eKart, Shiprocket etc), or even bring your own courier based on comfort

Exact process may vary slightly based on specific seller app, onboarding can take

ONDC continues to blitzscale

40K daily orders

35K sellers (F&B + Groceries)

50+network
participants

230 Cities

bility

35K daily rides

47K drivers

5L users

2 CitiesKochi + Bangalore

Who's winning?

Customers

ONDC has capped commission rates between 5-6% currently – users are enjoying a price arbitrage when ordering from ONDC vs other marketplaces



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- Giving up lesser commissions while selling to marketplaces
- Control over their data –
 earlier threat was that
 marketplaces would use
 these insights to launch their
 own private labels



Early leaders in the buyer/seller app ecosystem



- Onboarded 25K+ restaurants to ONDC
- Fulfilling 30K+ orders/day



- 6 Lakh trips in 6 months
- 500K users, 47k drivers
- ₹100M in driver earnings

Kalaari's take: Significant opportunities for technology providers to streamline purchases

Seller apps playing a crucial role

Seller apps will be more relevant in in the initial stages of market development as they are onboarding supply.

Tech providers key to reducing seller effort

Ease of integration, inventory/logistics orchestration and listing management will play a differentiating role

Tech providers key to improving CX

Better discovery experience, order tracking and dispute resolution to improve user trust



Buyer Side Opportunity

- i. How ONDC benefits buyers
- ii. Use-cases for buyers
- iii. Kalaari's take on the buyer opportunity

ONDC provides an opportunity to improve consumer experience across categories

Challenges for consumers today

• Inefficiencies in **digital discovery of sellers** creates unmet demand

- Challenges with scope of choice available online in existing marketplaces
- Only way to access hyperlocal sellers is offline through physical discovery, with limited home delivery options
- Many customers are discouraged by the inability to physically assess items when shopping online, especially for high-ticket items or categories where fit is crucial but is hard to assess online, e.g., suits and trousers require personalisation

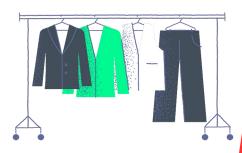
Potential for ONDC to solve these challenges

- Universal catalogs on ONDC will create access to wider product assortment and enhanced convenience through digital fulfilment of hyperlocal products
- ONDC apps will have an ability to create greater personalization for buyers than traditional marketplaces due to depth of supply
- ONDC apps will provide the convenience of discovering the nearest offline store to physically see or try on products before purchase
- Depth of sellers and supply will enable deeper layers of personalization compared to traditional marketplaces. Universal catalogs will allow aggregation of seller and product ratings across buyer apps

FMCG



Durable Goods



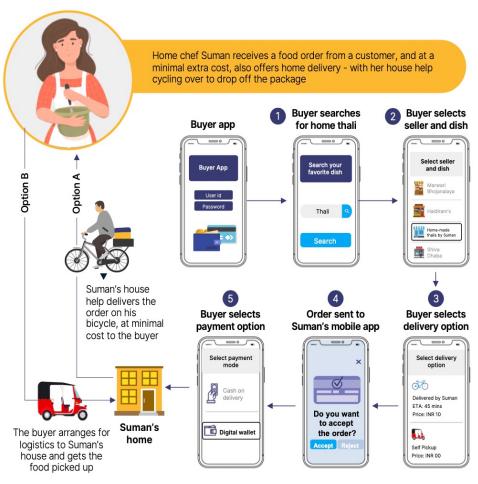
ONDC provides users with wider supply, an illustrative example in food delivery

Challenges with food delivery today

Potential for ONDC to solve these challenges

- Higher costs due to marketplace fees:
 Online list prices can be 30-50% more than dine-in prices
- Limited digital supply: In Tier-2-3+ cities, there is a lack of variety of restaurants; not all options are on marketplaces
- Lower performance marketing and operational costs for the buyer app could reduce commissions, with consequently lower prices
- Availability of a wider variety of sellers including home chefs (individuals become sellers on the platform) could create a multitude of choices

Wider variety of sellers on the platform (including individuals who become sellers)



Source: McKinsey, Democratizing Digital Commerce in India

Initial ONDC adoption will be driven by high frequency use cases

Short-term

Medium-term

Long-term



Accelerate digitalization of rides (cabs and rickshaws)



Ticketing and integration of public transport



Access to credit for consumers, manufacturers, and distributors/ retailers



Logistics as a service



Branded building material marketplace



Accelerate
digitalization of
restaurants
Strengthen D2C
channel for brand
owners and
manufacturers



Self-employed services (both blue and white collar)



Omnichannel commerce in fashion and electronics



Marketplace for local sellers/ artisans



Scaling offerings beyond credit – insurance and investments products etc.,



Hyperlocal grocery and pharma delivery



On-boarding P2P home chefs



Direct-to-farmer sales (input and output)



B2B sourcing for large companies and MSMEs



Digitalization of refurbished products



Evolution of eB2B to enhance linkage between distributors and retailers xx



On-boarding P2P homestays



Digitalization of hotels in Tier 2+ cities

Buyers participate on ONDC through buyer apps













Full list of buyer side applications available here:

https://ondc.org/networkparticipants/

Namma Yatri is an early win for ONDC



Namma Yatri is the first open network mobility application built by JusPay technologies in partnership with Bengaluru auto driver union to provide multi-modal service without the involvement of any middlemen. The app was launched in Nov 22



Concept:

The application is built on the common network standards defined by ONDC built on the Beckn Protocol (Open Source.) The common networks standards allow for interoperability for any buyer app compliant with the network standard to offer rides



Key value proposition:

Direct-to-Driver app, No commission or middle-men i.e., whatever consumer pays goes, 100% to the driver and his family



Key growth metrics:

Scaled quickly within last 3 months on the back of mostly organic promotions and collaboration by auto drivers who describe the application as "namma" (their own)



0.5M

Registered

Users

~6 Lakh

Trips

50k

Registered

Drivers

₹100M

Driver earnings

Kalaari's take: Discovery & personalization will drive success for buyer apps

Superior discovery & trust will drive user adoption

All buyer applications on ONDC will have access to a universal digital catalog of sellers and fulfilment infrastructure

Buyer apps will need to differentiate on personalization algorithms for enhanced discovery, order tracking and dispute resolution to improve user trust

Vertical platforms will emerge

As we have seen with E-Commerce marketplaces, dedicated portals based on categories will emerge with their own nuances

Massive opportunity to build dedicated ONDC E-Commerce portals beyond horizontal use cases

High-frequency use cases will see fastest adoption first

Categories like mobility where ease of fulfilment is easier will see faster adoption in the short term

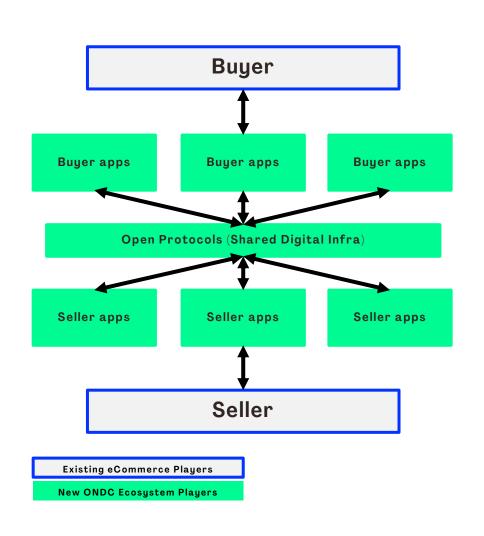
As ONDC supply-side adoption increases, several use-cases will open up for buyer applications

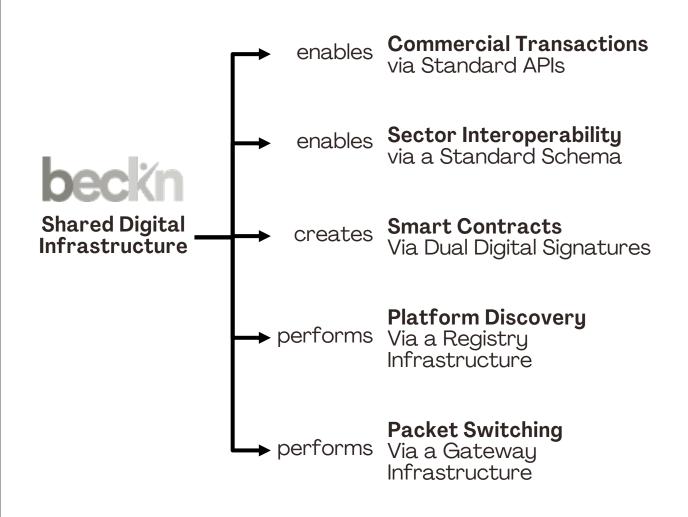


The ONDC Tech Layer

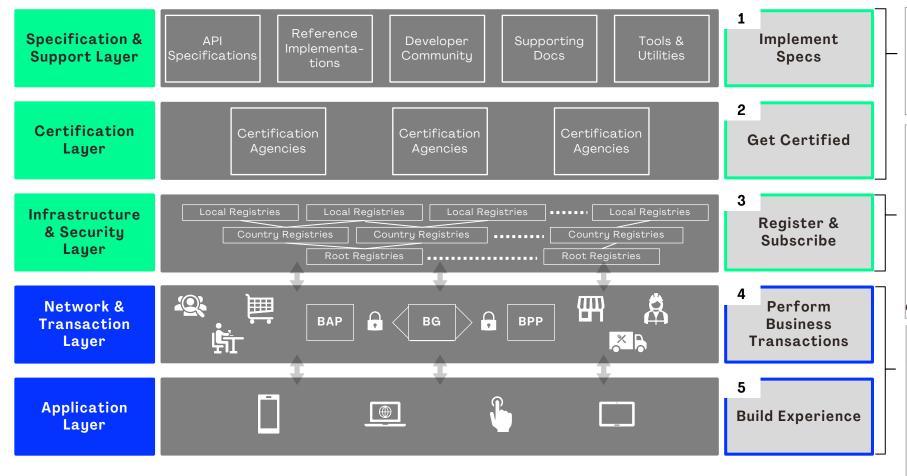
- i. Beckn Protocol Overview
- ii. Ecosystem Architecture
- iii. Opportunity for Participants

ONDC leverages Beckn: a set of protocols enabling decentralized commerce





Beckn architecture prescribes multiple layers, each with clearly defined roles



Every entity that wants to be part of the network must be in one or more of these layers

Specification, support & certification layer: Provide all the resources and support required to implement the network, to test for compliance and to become certified to join the network.

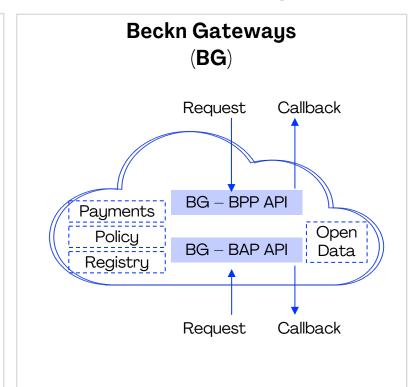
Infra & Security Layer: Holds the underlying infra that transforms the Beckn-compliant platforms into actual live transacting entities on an open network. The layer comprises of open registries which list the various platforms and makes them this discoverable by other platforms — a role similar to that of the domain name system (DNS) in HTTP.

Network, transact, and app layer: the actual run-time of the specification in the form of the Application layer which constitutes the consumer and the provider interfaces, and the Network and Transaction layer which has the server-side applications and the routing infrastructure.

Buyer & Seller apps must exist on the Network & Transaction layer

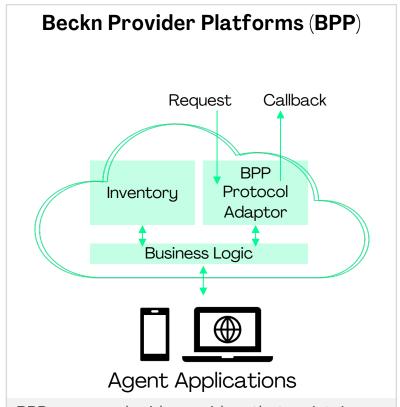
Beckn Application Platforms (BAP) Callback Request BAP Protocol Adaptor Customer / UX Logic Consumer Applications

BAP is a consumer-facing infrastructure which captures consumers' requests via its UI applications, converts them into beckn-compliant schemas and APIs at the server side, and fires them at the network



Between BAPs and BPPs are the **Beckn Gateways**, which form the routing infrastructure of the Transaction layer.

The purpose of a BG is to also allow all BPPs on the beckn-enabled network to have a fairchance to be discovered by any BAP.



BPPs are supply side providers that maintain an active inventory, one or more catalogs of products and services, implement the supply logic and enable fulfillment of orders

Kalaari's take: Key focus areas for technology providers

Buyer experience challenges:

- Discoverability of the right sellers & products
- Actual execution of the order
- Timely delivery
- Genuine sellers, genuine products
- Effective Issue resolution

Seller experience challenges:

- Easy onboarding to ONDC
- Catalog visibility on the network
- Visibility of the seller and his catalog to the buyer
- Seller returns: tracking & reconciliation
- Payments reconciliation

Technology service providers offering plug-and-play solutions for both buyer & seller apps will be essential for participants to transact and achieve speed, reliability & scale

Building in ONDC? We would love to chat—write to us at bigideas@Kalaari.com





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